

Gibson
NATIONAL FACTORY FOR
AIR CONDITIONERS
They Last
Riyadh: 4032925
4032926
Jeddah: 22774
Dammam: 5341113
Tel.: 201164
FIVE YEARS WARRANTY

SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY
Arab news
Publishers: saudi research and marketing company

ROLACO
Cement - Steel
Equipment
Contracting
TEL JEDDAH 6654109-6604701
DAMMAM 8323868 RIYADH 4762336

Arab aid moves Lebanese economy

BEIRUT, Sept. 6 (AP) — Recent injections of \$133 million in Arab money have given new life to Lebanon's efforts to rebuild an economy ravaged by the 1975-76 civil war.

"There is barely a single project that is not moving ahead," said Muhammad Attallah, head of the Council of Development and Reconstruction in an interview in his ultra-modern office at the Baabda presidential palace.

Arab states, at a summit conference in Tunis in November 1979, pledged \$2 billion over the next five years. Unlike previous such promises, Attallah said, the commitments are being met.

So far this year, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Iraq, the United Arab Emirates and Qatar have sent checks while Libya and Algeria continued to hold back, he said.

The Arab money will be added to nearly half billion dollars in loans negotiated since the end of the war, but even so it is far short of the \$9 billion Attallah said is needed to put Lebanon back on its feet.

Nineteen months of civil war between Muslims and Christians in this nation of 3 million destroyed \$2.2 billion in property and resulted in \$2.5 billion in lost income, the government has estimated.

About 15,000 homes were totally or partially demolished, in addition to roads, water systems, electrical plants, schools and hospitals, officials say.

Beirut's commercial district, which earned the nation a reputation as the Switzerland of the Middle East, remains a ghost town where grass grows in the streets and snipers roam at will.

Attallah concedes the security situation in Lebanon remains "terrible" and the rivalries of political groups on both sides of the divided country hampering government efforts to launch reconstruction projects.

"If a road is built on the Christian side, then one has to be started on the Muslim side," said one Western banker involved in the financing of reconstruction projects.

Infrastructure projects, such as resurfacing the highways and expanding the electrical grid, have gotten top priority along with a project to expand Beirut's port — the only place where both Christians and Muslims work side by side.

The big construction projects, the ones that will offset the losses of the war, are not being tackled, said one Western diplomat, citing the downtown area as an example.

A report on the nation's economy prepared by a group of Western embassies, virtually the only such effort since the Lebanese Statistics Bureau was ransacked in the war, lays at least part of the blame for the slow start in rebuilding on the government itself.

"The role of the state seems to be limited to verbal activity," said the still secret report.

"The difficult security situation cannot fully justify the inactivity of the state. Massive foreign loans have been lying dormant for years."

Attallah, however, contends that except for new housing the program is moving ahead as fast as it can and that the central problem is the exodus of more than 200,000 Lebanese, including many of its skilled carpenters, electricians, engineers and other technicians.

"When the Lebanese living abroad see a decisive turn for the better in events here, they will take a discount on what they are earning abroad and come home," he predicted.

In the meantime, Attallah said, the reconstruction program is picking up. He said more than \$300 million in contracts had been let for a variety of projects in the last two months.

Half of the Tunis summit money was allocated for the rebuilding of southern Lebanon, a task rendered a virtual mission impossible by the almost daily clashes between Palestinian commandos and Israeli-backed Christian militiamen or the Israelis themselves.

Part of the hesitancy of donor nations in pledging funds, Western analysts say, is the fear that any reconstruction will be destroyed in the ongoing fighting.

Carter quoted as saying Pressure on Israel is political suicide

JEDDAH, Sept. 6 — President Jimmy Carter three years ago admitted that he'd face "political suicide" if he tried to pressure Israel into a solution to Middle East problems, a former top Egyptian official Saturday told an Arabic magazine published in London. Former deputy premier and foreign minister Ismail Fahmi told *Al-Majalla* that Carter explained his situation in a Washington meeting in September, 1977.

"Carter told me frankly that he was surprised that some people think he could put pressure on Israel," Fahmi said in the interview. "The truth is absolutely contrary." Fahmi quoted Carter as saying:

Fahmi went on in the interview to accuse the United States as the enemy of the Arabs if the Americans don't change their policy toward the Middle East. He said one sure sign of the U.S. change in policy would be the coming vote in the United Nations Security Council when it discusses the Jerusalem issue.

The former minister added that the United States seemed to wake up after crises of Iran and Afghanistan. Yet he said it was clear the Americans had not learned the lesson. He tied that the sale of F-16 warplanes to Saudi Arabia, claiming that the Americans weren't honest in their dealings with Riyadh.

"The firing ability and the radar's range were a decreased, Fahmi claimed, "while Israel obtained the planes with superior arm."

Fahmi noted another "mistake" in U.S. policy — the creation of bases serving the Gulf region. "In my opinion, these bases are not built to defend the Gulf from Soviet influence as some people say," said Fahmi. "The U.S. will use them to strangle and then attack the Gulf region."

Fahmi said he doubted that the Soviet

Union would invade the Gulf, "because Moscow knows if it invades this region, it would be opening the door to a catastrophic third world war. Those first results would be a direct confrontation with the U.S."

If the U.S. really wants to protect the Gulf, he added, it would arm the Gulf states instead of "drowning Israel in advanced arms."

The emergence of a unified Arab stand, now or in the future and, possibly under certain situations motivated by a strategic cause scares the United States.

Fahmi explained that the two major powers could devise a situation where intervention would appear necessary, even giving it legality. "That is exactly what happened in Afghanistan," he said. "The U.S. has learned the play and would repeat the Soviet game some time and for some strategic reason, by creating an American Afghanistan in the Arab world."

He also referred to Crown Prince Fahd's call for jihad, or a holy struggle to free Jerusalem. "If (Prime Minister Menahem) Begin is trying to play with our fate with the excuse of applying what was written in the Old Testament, our only choice is to respond with what came in the Quran about jihad," Fahmi said.

"Oil could be used as a weapon in many ways without a complete cut-off," Fahmi said. "Arabs can face the challenge of the Zionist empire by gradual reduction in oil production from any country that opposes the Arabs."

Fahmi also said Gulf states should seriously think of diversifying their sources of arms. "The security of the Gulf region cannot be achieved from either Moscow or Washington," he said. "They (Arab states) should seek arms from any direction.... draw a serious strategy to confront the Zionist empire and whomever supports it, even if it is Washington."

Charter says PLO only representative of Palestine people

TEL AVIV, Sept. 6 (R) — A meeting of Palestinian Arab leaders Saturday published the draft of a proposed charter declaring the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) as the only legal representative of the Palestinian people. The meeting, attended by Palestinian mayors, members of the Knesset (parliament) and other representatives of the 600,000 Israeli Palestinian population prepared the document to be presented to the conference of Palestinian Arabs due to be held later this year.

The draft charter opposed Israeli settlements in the occupied territories, the negotiations between Israel, Egypt and the United States on autonomy for the occupied areas. It also demanded equal rights for Palestinian Arabs.

Israel passed a law last month making it a "criminal offense" to express support for the PLO.



SADAT-LINOWITZ MEET: Egyptian President Anwar Sadat with his right hand forming a fist, talks to U.S. special envoy Sol Linowitz as they walk to Sadat's villa in Alexandria for their meeting Wednesday.

Last 2 nations move embassies from Jerusalem

GUATEMALA CITY, Sept. 6 (R) — Guatemala and the Dominican Republic, the last two countries with embassies in Jerusalem, have ordered their diplomats in Israel to move to Tel Aviv, a joint communique issued here said. The two Latin American governments' decision followed those of 11 other nations which have moved their embassies to Tel Aviv since Israel's recent adoption of Jerusalem as the country's capital.

Arab states have threatened to break off diplomatic relations with countries which kept embassies in Jerusalem.

In another development Arab countries in the United Nations on Friday questioned the credentials of the Israeli delegation to the General Assembly's current special economic meeting. A well placed diplomat said the Arab group was preparing the ground for possible action against Israeli participation in the three-month regular session to start Sept. 16.

In a newly circulated letter, Samir Mansouri of Syria as chairman of the U.N. Arab group for September, told assembly President Salim Ahmed Salim of Tanzania that he was writing to convey "the group's reservations about and non-acknowledgement of the credentials of the Israeli delegation to the 11th special session" of the assembly.

He said the group had taken that position because of "Israel's flagrant violations" of the U.N. Charter, defiance of General Assembly and Security Council resolutions, "denial of the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people and its persistent racist, colonialist and expansionist policies."

'Dirty Jews in Russia are dirty Russians in Israel'

By Alan Elsner

TEL AVIV, Sept. 6 (R) — Israel, a country built up by mass immigration over 35 years, has been thrown into turmoil by a revolt of Soviet newcomers embittered by life in occupied Palestine. Last week, Arkady Ziterman, a 56-year-old oil engineer who had failed to find a permanent job after two years in the country, leaped to his death from the roof of his absorption center in Haifa.

Angry Russians in Haifa and other towns threw management officials out of their absorption centers and declared a strike. They accused the government of failing to provide them with proper work and housing.

The strike sent shock through the country. Immigration has always been regarded here as vital for Israel's long-term survival and all political parties pay lip service at least to the ideal of attracting the Jewish people to their ancient homeland.

The deal has been severely dented in

recent years when two thirds of all Russian Jews leaving the Soviet Union with Israeli visas have opted for other destinations such as the United States, Canada, Australia and European countries.

In Israel, these people are called "drop outs" and regarded as little better than traitors.

The immigrants' strike has already received wide publicity in the Soviet Union and fears were expressed in Israel that this would further hit immigration. "The situation plays into the hands of the Russians. They could use this as a cynical excuse to shut the gates to Jews," Yosef Tekoa, honorary chairman of the Russian Immigrants Association and a former Israeli ambassador to the United Nations said in an interview.

"There could be a terrible explosion here if they suffer any more. We will bring a tragedy on the state and on Russian Jewry through our stupidity." But Tekoa's accusations were

angrily denounced by Absorption Minister David Levy. He accused Tekoa, a member of the opposition Labor Party, of trying to make political capital out of the strike and said he would close down the absorption centers if they became hotbeds of anti-government unrest.

In the past decade, about 250,000 Jews have left Russia. 50,000 found their way to Israel. The peak years for immigration were 1972 and 1973 when about 64,000 arrived.

But in recent years, the Russian Jews have increasingly opted for other destinations. Israel says this gives the Soviet authorities an excuse to slow down emigration. This year, according to Israeli figures, only about 25,000 Jews will leave the Soviet Union if current trends continue.

Russian Jews leaving the Soviet Union are taken to Vienna where they tell officials where they wish to go. The Jewish Agency makes considerable efforts to persuade them to opt for the Jewish state but officials have reported that many Russian Jews have a negative image of Israel.

Jewish agency chairman Arie Dulzi has been campaigning for a year to ban other Jewish aid and welfare organizations, such as the Hebrew Immigration and Aid Society (HIAS) which help Jews not coming to Israel, from Vienna. But his campaign has not really won any support.

Those Jews who choose Israel are flown in within 48 hours of arriving in Vienna. The others, between 65 and 62 per cent in recent months, are taken to Rome where they wait for visas for the countries of their choice. It takes about six weeks to receive a visa for the U.S. and up to six months for Australia.

"When the refugees reach their final destination, they often have to accept that they may not get the jobs for which they were qualified back home and that it is not easy,"

one HIAS welfare worker said.

Those that come to Israel are sent to absorption centers where they live in small apartments for five months. During this time, they go through Hebrew language courses and are helped find jobs.

The immigrants on strike in Haifa say that they have been unable to find work and accommodation in the same place. Boris Litvinov, a musician Kishinev, has been living in a small room of the absorption center with his wife and small daughter for over two years. He described living conditions as "worse than for an animal" and said he had almost lost hope in Israel.

"If they would come to me and say there is one single place in the country where you can both work and live, I would take it tomorrow. But where there is work, there is nowhere to live and where there is accommodation, there is no work," he said.

"If only they told me that things were difficult at the moment but they were building so that in a year or two there would be apartments. But even this isn't happening. So there is no hope, no strength left."

He also complained of anti-Russian feeling in Israel. "I feel like a stranger. In Russia, they called me a dirty Jew. Here I am a dirty Russian," he said. This was underlined by Tekoa. "My heart breaks when I see how the state is treating the Russians. It is enough to see how Jewish Agency officials treat them. When they are finally driven to complaining, they ask them, 'who told you to come here anyway?'"

Work to begin on 10 outposts

TEL AVIV, Sept. 6 (AP) Israel will begin work soon on the "final" 10 Jewish settlements that will complete the government's program for building outposts in the occupied West Bank of Jordan, officials said Friday.

Approval for work to begin on six settlement sites was given by Prime Minister Menahem Begin's cabinet two weeks ago, and officials said they were expecting the cabinet to give the green light on the other four within a few weeks.

The officials, who are planners in the agriculture ministry responsible for the settlements, refused to identify the new sites because they said there were still problems in finding government-owned land on which to build.

Kuwaiti C-130 crashes; eight on board killed

KUWAIT, Sept. 6 (AP) — Five Kuwaiti army majors were among the eight persons killed in the crash of a C-130 Hercules transport plane in southern France, the defense ministry announced Saturday. The announcement said the plane crashed "due to adverse weather conditions" while on a flight from London to Athens, Greece Friday.

Two of the other victims were Kuwaiti Corporals, while the third was identified only as an officer.

وادي القمر
قريباً جداً إن شاء الله
الهندسة المعمارية
الهندسة المدنية
الهندسة الكهربائية
الهندسة الميكانيكية
الهندسة الكيميائية
الهندسة البيئية
الهندسة الجيوتقنية
الهندسة البحرية
الهندسة الفضائية
الهندسة النووية
الهندسة الطبية
الهندسة الزراعية
الهندسة الصناعية
الهندسة المعلوماتية
الهندسة البيولوجية
الهندسة الجينية
الهندسة النانوية
الهندسة الكونية
الهندسة المستقبلية

URDCO
Urban and Rural Development Company
Riyadh - 4024885
Jeddah - 604681
Al-Khobar - 8848577 Ext. 268
Yanbu - 043223124

**LANDSCAPE
PLANT
MATERIALS**
CONTRACT GROWING
WHOLESALE MARKETING
TREES, SHRUBS,
GROUND COVERS,
INTERIOR PLANTS.

1st
DHUAI QIDAH
1400
Sept. 10, 1980.
Your appointment with
ALESAYI TRADING CORP.

To attend the Grand Inauguration
of Al-Essayi's new stores,
which will provide all spare parts
needed for Japan's leading car
MITSUBISHI
GALANT, LANCER, CANTER
PICK UPL 200-PICK UPL 300
AT KILO 11, MECCA ROAD
Spare Parts are also available at our stores Kilo 3 — Mecca Road.

WITH THE COMPLIMENTS OF
ALESAYI TRADING CORP.
KILO 3, MECCA ROAD, JEDDAH.
TEL: 6878662.
KILO 11, MECCA ROAD, JEDDAH.
TEL: 6890666.

During U.S. tour

Salman says oil reserves plentiful

RIYADH, Sept. 6 (SPA) — The Governor of Riyadh has disputed reports that the Kingdom has only 25 years of proven oil reserves, saying instead that the oil here would last for hundreds of years.

Prince Salman, speaking to Saudi Arabian students in Denver, Colo., said experts realize the great volume of oil that lies still untapped in Saudi Arabia. Now, the country produces about 9.5 million barrels of oil daily, with its reserves said to be in the billions of barrels.

Prince Salman is touring the United States to meet with students from the Kingdom, talking to them about their country and answering their questions.

He said that the present rate of oil production, highest in the country's history, is necessary because of the current development plans here. "We may push ahead with the many projects covered by them (the plans)," he told students.

The government was taking care to develop the entire country, the prince explained, so that it may reduce the rate of population shift from the rural areas to big cities.

"We are developing fast," he said, "while at the same time controlling inflation which it on time reached 40 per cent before dropping to seven or eight per cent."

The economic welfare of the world is considered as the government plans its oil policies, the prince said. Especially important are considerations for the developing nations, who rely heavily on oil imports to fuel their industrial growth.

"We can reduce oil production," Prince Salman said, "but this would adversely affect our development plans." Therefore, he explained the government raises production to a certain level so that it would serve its own interests better and boost the rate of development here. Once the government decides it would be in its political and economic interest to lower the oil production, it would do so, he said.

Speaking on other matters, Prince Salman pointed out that the basic system of law announced by King Khaled last year would not be a constitution as such, for the Kingdom's basic law is the Quran. King Khaled has promised a basic system of government, a consultative council and a provincial system as well.

The consultative council will be formed of various educated men, nominated by the King, to advise him on matters of state. A committee under Prince Naif, the interior minister, was formed to draw up details for the three systems.

"These systems require a great deal of study and preparation," said Prince Salman, noting that no time limit has been set for the review. All existing laws and regulations will be incorporated in the basic system of government, he said.

The Kingdom may embark on a plan for compulsory military training, the Prince also said. The council of ministers now is studying that issue. However, few details are available now.

Prince Salman said the call for jihad, or a holy struggle to regain the city of Jerusalem from Israeli control, is not a new one, and similar calls have been made before by Saudi Arabian rulers. Crown Prince Fahd called for jihad last month following the formal annexation of Jerusalem and the declaration by Israel that the holy city was the eternal and undivided capital of the Jewish state.

Thief punished in Taif

TAIF, Sept. 6 (SPA) — A convicted thief had his right hand cut off at the wrist here after the Friday noon prayers for stealing SR75,000. The man, Abdul Latif Faraj Abdullah Al-Salemi, took the money from a house of a citizen whose name was not issued.

A statement by the Ministry of Interior said that investigation resulted in the conviction of Salemi. The Sharia Court passed judgment on him.

Medical grants given

SANA, Sept. 6 (SPA) — Saudi Arabia has granted the Yemen Arab Republic six scholarships for studying medicine, it was announced here by the Saudi Arabian Charge Muhammad Bidawi.



Prince Salman

King Abdul Aziz made the call in 1947 and 1948, and it was reiterated in 1969 by King Faisal after the fire in the holy mosque of Aqsa.

Both war, and political and economic restraint should be prepared, Prince Salman said, "because what was taken by force must be regained by force."

If the Arabs can reconcile their differences, the prince noted, they would become a serious force throughout the world. He made it clear that the problem with Israel is not only the occupied Golan Heights of Syria or the Sinai in Egypt, but also Palestine — the central issue in the whole question.

Saudi Arabia believed the Camp David accords will not achieve the Arab objectives, he said. Since the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty, sponsored by the United States, did not deal with the Palestinian problem, the Arab states rejected the agreement.

"Although President Sadat of Egypt had promised to uphold Arab rights during his visit to Jerusalem, he did not, and in fact (ignored) them especially regarding Palestine and Jerusalem," the prince said.

Comment

By Nasser Al-Qar'awi
Al Riyadh

The appearance of pomp and show in some members of society makes one wonder whether it is the natural outcome of their social advancement or it is just a temporary phenomenon brought to prominence by the economic boom in the country. I just fail to understand the social level they have achieved or the role they have played in life that entitles them to show all this vanity with so much etiquette and protocol. In fact, they don't fit into this kind of deportment for they have not been used to it in their own society. This kind of phenomenon tends to create a divergence between their social level and the level of this type of etiquette.

Such people could have easily gone step by step toward cultural advancement leaving all manifestations of pomp and vanity. It must be borne in mind that the ordinary citizen who has not been blessed with liberal financial resources develops a feeling of degradation, and sometimes even develops a negative attitude toward this category of vainglorious people.

It becomes, therefore, binding on the affluent class to realize the material contrast and social disparity with the ordinary citizens who are invariably in the majority. There are such families which don't differentiate between the necessities and luxuries, while there are still others which concern themselves with nothing but a sufficient means for their living.

The affluent people should, therefore, try to avoid embarrassing themselves and the great majority of the society, remembering well that social relationship and family cords would never encourage such manifestations to flourish. The whole matter will remain subjected to some kind of a quantitative and proportional conformity between the social level and the social ties which govern the relations among the people of a single society.

Health school application deadline drawing near

RIYADH, Sept. 6 (SPA) — The Ministry of Health announced that Sept. 22 will be the last day for receiving applications to join health institutes in Riyadh, Jeddah and Safwa. Registration for applicants began July 13.

Enrollment conditions issued by the ministry include Saudi Arabian nationality, an intermediate school certificate at minimum with priority given to those with secondary school certificates, age between 15 and 20 years, no illness or infirmity supported by a medical report, and a good conduct certificate. Applicants will be tested and personal interviews will be conducted before final admission.

The ministry has the right to appoint applicants after graduation anywhere in the Kingdom. Students will be provided with free housing, food, uniforms and SR675 monthly. Once applicants are accepted, they will be issued air tickets from their regions to the city of the institute they wish to join. They are also entitled to a return ticket during summer vacations.

Graduates of health institutes are appointed immediately after graduation.

Economic council to meet in Tunis

RIYADH, Sept. 6 (SPA) — Finance and National Economy Minister Sheikh Muhammad Abu Al-Khalil will leave here Sunday for Tunisia at the head of the Kingdom's delegation to meetings of the Arab Economic Council opening Monday at Arab League headquarters in Tunis.

During the three-day meeting, the council will discuss the situation of economy in the Arab Nation, ways of developing economic cooperation between Arab countries and an economic plan to be presented at the 10th Arab summit meeting set for Amman Nov. 10.

would have to apply to the public Civil Service Bureau for jobs. The institutes' certificates are equivalent to academic secondary school certificates.

In other educational developments, the Central Region Girls' Education Directorate has allocated funds for 10 large and 16 smaller simple schools in the Central Region, according to director general of the Girls' Education in the region.

Dr. Ibrahim Al-Shaalan said Saturday that contracts for constructing these schools will be issued soon. Other schools are under construction in the region, and some have been completed and will open by the next academic year, he added.

Meanwhile, Riyadh University has admitted all female applicants to the university's academic schools for 1980-81. They were advised to report to the Girls' University Studies Center in Ilesha for registration, it was reported Saturday.

Beginners applying for the first semester for the year 1980-81 have been told to register Saturday, Sept. 13. Girls who were admitted during the first and second semesters last year will be registered Sunday, Sept. 14.

Regular students admitted to the university in 1978 were advised to register on Sept. 17 and 18. Regular and part-time students admitted in 1977 also were advised to call on Sept. 17 and 18. Those admitted in 1976 or before should register on Sept. 20 and 21, according to an official of the department of student affairs of Riyadh University.

prayer times

Sunday	Mecca	Medina	Nejd
Fajr	4.53	4.51	4.23
Ishraq	6.11	6.09	5.41
Dhuhr	12.26	12.26	11.57
Asr	3.50	3.54	3.24
Maghreb	6.34	6.36	6.06
Isha	8.04	8.06	7.36

FOR RENT
A FURNISHED VILLA

Located at Jeddah's Hamra area, to the west of the American Embassy, and furnished with luxurious furniture. It occupies an area of 1,000 square meters and overlooks a 20 meter-wide street it has:

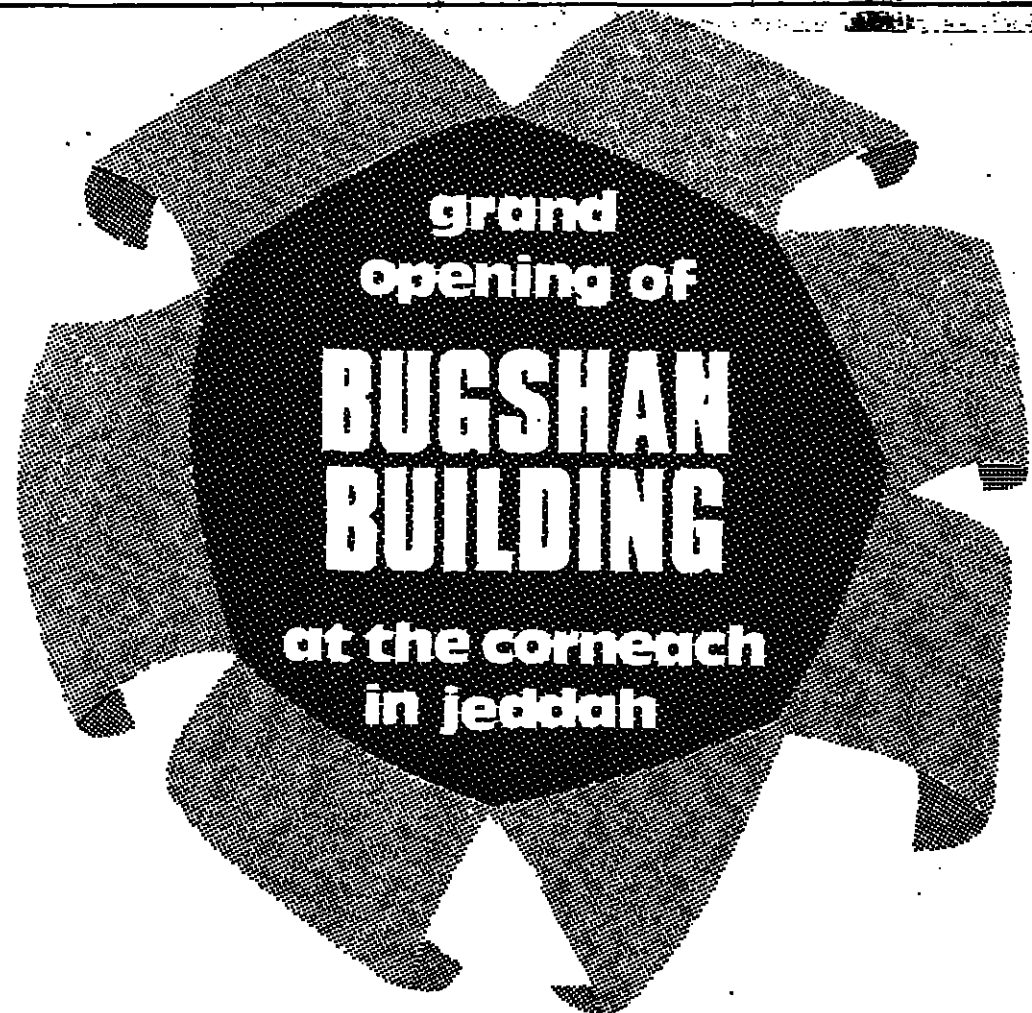
- A roofed swimming pool
- A beautiful garden
- A garage for a limousine car
- Two furnished servants' rooms each has an independent bathroom.
- Fully furnished. Two sitting-rooms, a living-room and guest bathroom.
- Three furnished bedrooms, with a bathroom for each
- Fully furnished kitchen with a dining table.
- A laundry and ironing-room fully furnished.
- A fully furnished sitting room, above the garage, with an independent kitchen a dining table, and a bathroom. It has two external and internal entrances.
- The villa is centrally airconditioned, and it has a telephone.

For more information and inspection please contact:
Mr. Mahmoud Abu Bakr. Tel.: 6532911, Jeddah
Annual rent: SR 200,000

Attention:
U.S. EXPATRIATES
A MAJOR U.S./SAUDI
GENERAL CONTRACTOR
IS IN NEED OF THE
FOLLOWING:

PROJECT MANAGERS
PROJECT SUPERINTENDENTS
PROJECT ENGINEERS
MATERIALS MANAGEMENT
PERSONNEL
CRAFT SUPERVISORS
MUST HAVE TRANSFERABLE
IQAMA

SEND RESUME TO:
THE PERSONNEL MANAGER
P.O. BOX 2978 - RIYADH



Abdullah Saeed Bugshan and Brothers Co.
Jeddah is pleased to announce for the rent of
a limited floors for offices:

The Building contains:

- Twenty floors
- The Building is situated on the Commercial Area near the Electric Company
- Surrounded by three Car Parkings



Centrally
airconditioned

Automatic
elevator system

Constant
telephone services

Guarantee of
maintenance
and cleaning

The floor size is 35 x 90 sq.m.

FOR MORE INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT
THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE BUILDING
MR. AZZAM TEL. 48425

New
August 1st

Dhahran
Houston
Daily

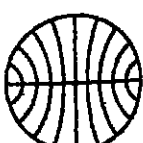
Effective August 1st, Pan Am's daily nonstop flight from Dhahran to New York will continue on to Houston, Texas. PA25 leaves Dhahran's new international terminal at 2359 and you arrive in New York at 0625 and in Houston at 1135 a.m.

Since this is the first flight of the day into Pan Am's Worldport at JFK, you fly through our Private Customs Facility. For US citizens or residents, immigrations and customs formalities are combined in a one-stop declaration. This early-easy customs enables excellent connections throughout the US.

Continuing to Houston you are ready for a day of work or play. You land "Deep in the Heart of Texas" before noon. You don't have to compete at the Houston Customs hall with passengers from Mexico and Europe. From the Gulf coast of Saudi Arabia to the Gulf coast of Texas, Pan Am's flight 25 is the quickest - most convenient way to fly.

For reservations or information call your local travel agent or:
Alkhobar / Dhahran 8642977, 8643144, 8644039,
Jeddah 54700, 23731, 31151,
Riyadh 4650779, 4658238, 4656843, 4650523, 4655851,
Sana'a 6677778, Taif 63040, 28333 Ext. 316.

**We fly the world
the way the world wants to fly**



PAN AM

سكوا لاجل

Assad gives Arafat unlimited support

DAMASCUS, Sept. 6 (Agencies) — Syria reassured the Palestinian commando movement Friday of unlimited support in the event of an Israeli invasion in southern Lebanon, Palestinian sources reported. This, they said, was the main topic of a four-hour meeting between Syrian President Hafez Assad and Palestine Liberation Organization Chairman Yasser Arafat here.

Assad told Arafat if the Israelis were to attack areas held by the Syrian peacekeeping forces in Lebanon, then Damascus would

open a front against Israel "regardless of whatever the costs may be", these sources said.

Assad would resist the Israelis in a Lebanon war front "even if the costs include a possible fall of Damascus," the same sources quoted Assad as telling Arafat. This was interpreted as a note of serious warning to Israel to desist from striking at Palestinian and nationalist Lebanese emplacements in southern Lebanon.

Libya-Malta ties deteriorate

VALLETTA, Sept. 6 (R) — Malta's Prime Minister Dom Mintoff said Friday night his island state's relations with the Libyan Jamahiriyah were "bad." He told a rally these would not improve until Malta was allowed to explore for oil in that part of the continental shelf between the two countries which Malta considers its own.

Malta has said that two weeks ago Libya sent warships and threatened to open fire on an Italian drilling ship, the Saipem II, unless it moved from Medina Bank, some 70 miles to the south-east of the island. The Saipem II, which is owned by the Italian state energy firm Eni was due to leave the drilling site for Italy Saturday escorted by an Italian warship.

Ceausescu, Kaddoumi back peaceful solution in M.E.

VIENNA, Sept. 6 (R) — Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu and the foreign affairs spokesman of the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) Farouk Kaddoumi, have discussed the Middle East in Bucharest and stressed the need for a political settlement in the region. The official Agerpres News Agency said Friday both sides agreed that peace could be based only on Israeli withdrawal from Arab lands occupied after

the 1967 war and the foundation of an independent Palestinian state.

Agerpres said the talks were held in a cordial friendly atmosphere. Romania supports Palestinian demands for an early Israeli withdrawal from Arab territory and for an independent Palestinian state. But it is also a Warsaw pact country with diplomatic ties to Israel.

Libyan, Syrian governments investigate merger question

By Robert McCartney

TRIPOLI, Sept. 6 (AP) — Both the Libyan and Syrian governments stand to gain in popular support from talk of uniting their two Arab countries, but differences in political systems and geographical separation will hinder a complete fusion, according to Libyan and other Arab sources here.

Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qaddafi, in a Monday speech televised live in both Libya and Syria, put forward the merger proposal and Syrian President Hafez Assad immediately endorsed it. The leaders did not spell out details but said they should join to help their common struggle against Israel.

Syria, in alliance with Egypt, fought Israel in both the 1967 and 1973 Middle East wars. Libya has provided arms, money and training to Palestinian commandos, including some of their more militant branches such as the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine.

Delegations from the PFLP and radical Palestinian groups sat on the speaker's platform twenty feet from Qaddafi when he made the address at ceremonies to mark the anniversary of the 1969 military uprising that brought him to power.

Qaddafi and Assad are both supporters of pan-Arab nationalism, a movement toward Arab cooperation and alliance supported by the late President Gamal Abdul Nasser.

The 38-year-old Libyan leader is sincere in his vocal backing for Arab union, but also hopes that his merger call will incite his people and win their support in his struggle to radically transform Libyan society, according to a Lebanese sociology professor visiting this North African nation's capital. "Qaddafi feels it's necessary to mobilize the masses and needs their support because of opposition from a bourgeois-bureaucratic class in Libyan society," the leftist-oriented academic said in an interview.

Qaddafi backed revolutionary committees in Libya staged four months of nationally-televised investigations from February to June in the forms of trials of heads of state economic enterprises and military officers. Between five and ten committee members, normally youths in their twenties, carried out the showcase inquiries.

In May, Qaddafi launched sweeping currency reform, which made it impossible to withdraw money from bank accounts except for what the bank decides are "urgent needs." Qaddafi has described the move as an egalitarian measure.

For his part, Assad's effort to stir up Arab nationalism should help draw attention away from his critics inside Syria, according to the private view of a Libyan who works in international Arab relations.

The religious people have been bolstered

by the Islamic revolution in Iran.

"The Syrians also need help in their confrontation with Israel," the Libyan said.

Libya would contribute about 40,000 regular armed forces to a combined state with Syria, which would have a total of 242,000 men under arms. Tripoli could offer a substantial part of its oil revenues, estimated at more than \$15 billion this year. Syria exports only small amounts of oil.

Libyan and other Arab political observers predicted that Assad will find it hard to swallow all of Qaddafi's radical ideas.

Qaddafi urges Arabs to mobilize all resources against U.S. bases

BEIRUT, Sept. 6 (R) — Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi has described American bases on Arab soil as invasion that must be defeated. The Libyan news agency Jana quoted Col. Qaddafi as saying at the end of graduation ceremonies for military cadets: "We have to mobilize all Arab resources to stop the American invasion of Arab territory."

"The American bases on Arab territory are invading forces and ugly aggression

U.S., Israeli aides discuss restart of talks

TEL AVIV, Sept. 6 (R) — James Leonard, a senior U.S. negotiator in the suspended Palestinian autonomy talks, began talks with Israeli officials to try to get the two countries to resume the negotiations.

After meeting the chief Israeli representative to the autonomy talks, Interior Minister Yosef Burg, Leonard told reporters he had passed on details of meetings between U.S. special envoy Sol Linowitz and Egyptian leaders.

Linowitz, at the end of a trip to Israel and Egypt issued a statement Wednesday on behalf of Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin saying that the autonomy talks would be restarted and that a summit meeting would be held.

No date was set for either but President Carter and Begin said they expected the autonomy sessions to resume in the next few weeks.

Burg said after Friday's meeting that he also expected the negotiations to start up again in the near future. Leonard, who is Linowitz deputy at the talks, said he expected to return to Egypt next week after further meetings with the Israelis.

Israeli opposition leader to discuss ties with Sadat

CAIRO, Sept. 6 (AP) — Israeli opposition leader and former Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin will meet with Egyptian President Anwar Sadat Tuesday, an authoritative magazine reported here. The visit will be the second in less than a week that Sadat has had with Israeli figures who are at odds with Israel's prime minister Menachem Begin.

Monday and again Friday Sadat met with former Israeli Defense Minister Ezer Weizman, who has been on a week's vacation in Egypt. "October Magazine", which has close ties to Sadat, and whose columns often veil

Sadat's plans or postures, reported on Saturday Rabin will fly to Cairo Monday.

Rabin is a leader of Israel's opposition Labor Party. He was the first native-born Israeli to serve as prime minister, in office from 1974 until 1976 when parliament turned his government out in no-confidence vote.

Sadat's contacts with two of Begin's opponents come just days after a series of developments toward getting the Palestinian autonomy talks restarted.

On Wednesday, President Jimmy Carter's Middle East envoy, Sol Linowitz, announced Egypt and Israel had agreed to resume the autonomy talks and to plan a U.S.-Egyptian-Israeli summit expected in late November.

Sadat had called for the talks in early August in reaction to a vote in Israel's parliament, the Knesset, declaring all of Jerusalem, including the eastern Arab sector the eternally undivided capital of the Jewish state.

Sadat also complained about Israel's colonizing lands on the West Bank of the Jordan River and the Gaza Strip, Palestinian-inhabited regions captured from Jordan and Egypt in the 1967 Middle East war. Just hours after Linowitz announced the renewed talks, Egypt's minister of state for foreign affairs said the Jerusalem issue and the Israel settlements endured as obstacles to the talks. He said the Linowitz mission did not herald new bargaining on autonomy itself.

An Egyptian foreign ministry source told the Associated Press two days later that the only reason Egypt agreed to the resumption — despite its prior demands — was because it won an okay from Begin to attend the three nation summit.

REQUIRED Civil Engineer

WITH A TRANSFERABLE IOAMA AND A MINIMUM 3-YEAR EXPERIENCE IN SUPERVISION OF RESIDENTIAL & INDUSTRIAL SITES.

FLUENT WRITTEN & SPOKEN ENGLISH IS ESSENTIAL.

MR. ERMANN PIRETTA

YUSEF A. BA-ASHIN

ARCH. & ENG. CONSULTANTS

TEL. 6445212 - JEDDAH

FROM 09.00 HRS. TO 13.30 HRS.

CONTACT:-

El Ajou

Graphic Arts

العجو

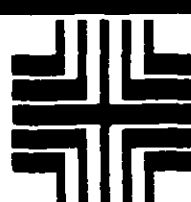
VISUAL GRAPHICS...

A COMPLETE CAMERA PROCESSOR.
PRODUCES COLOR PHOTOS.
BLACK AND WHITE OR OFFSET PLATES
FROM ANY ORIGINAL IN MINUTES.

CALL US FOR A DEMONSTRATION
OF THIS AMAZING MACHINE
FROM THE U.S.A.

RIYADH: 4025710/4025749 EXT. 48
JEDDAH: 23321
ALKHOBAR: 8641724/8649755

El-Ajou



Pitney Bowes

POSTAGE METER MAILING MACHINE

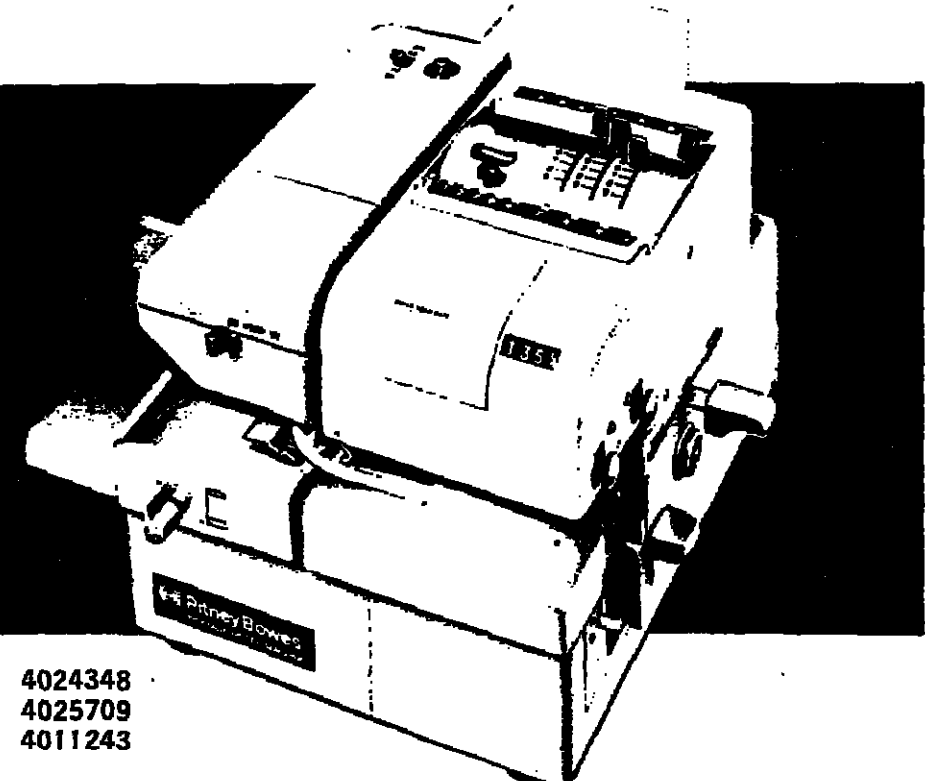
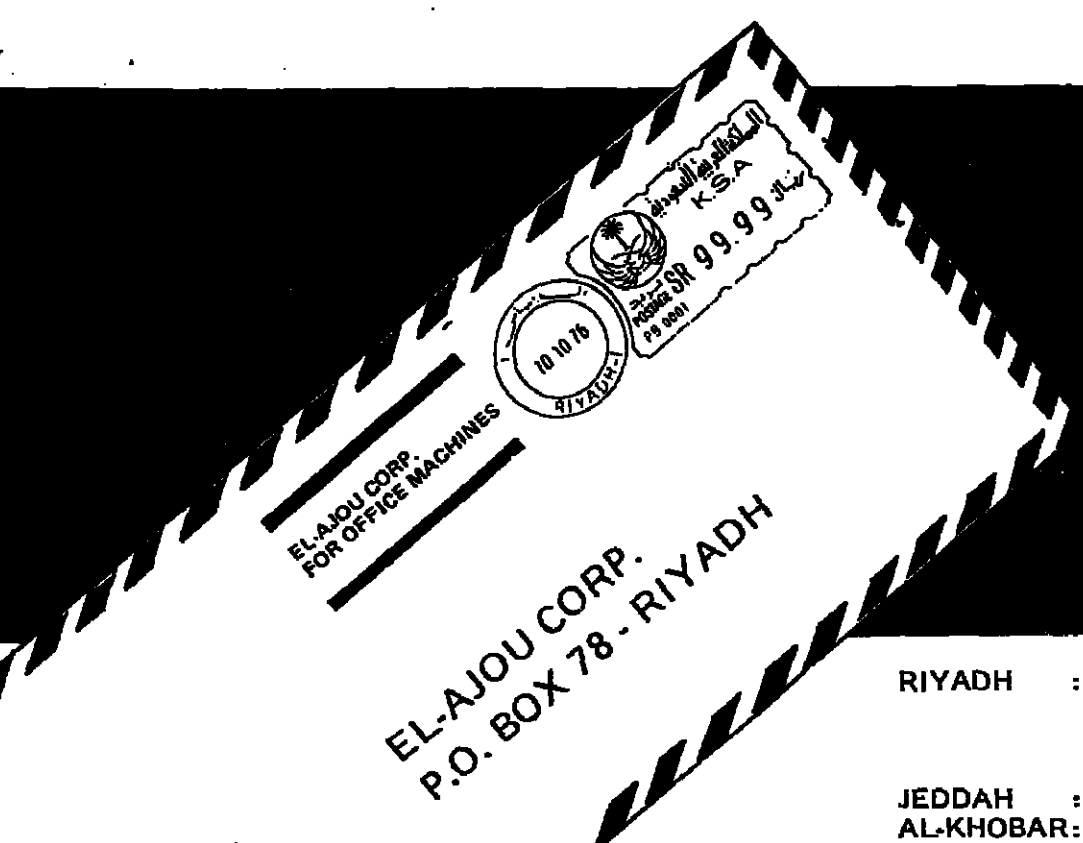
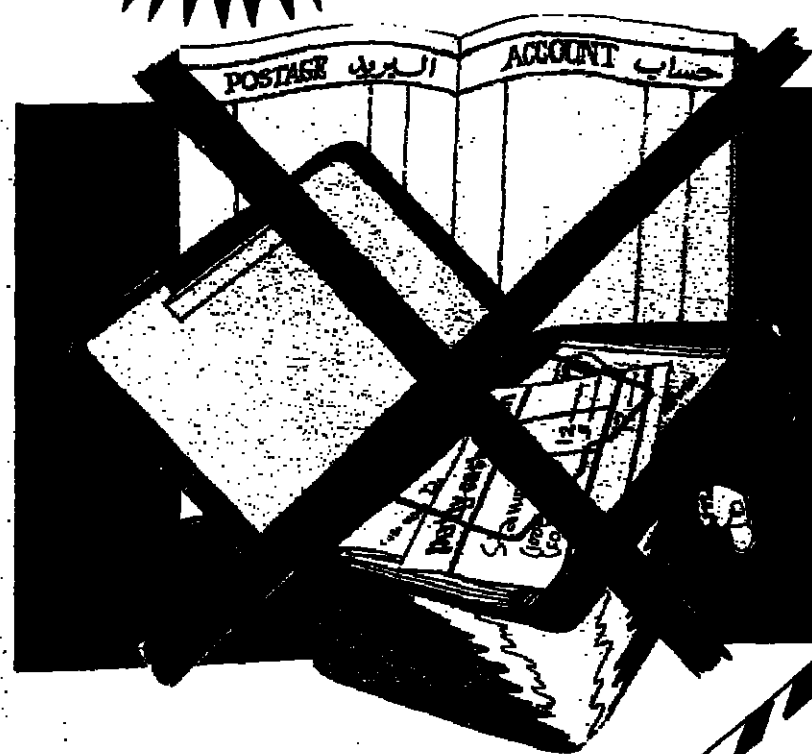
العجو

THE MINISTRY OF P.T.T. APPROVES THE USE OF POSTAGE METER MAILING MACHINES

OWN YOUR OWN POST OFFICE!

1. END STAMP LOSSES.
2. SPEED YOUR MAIL.
3. FREE BUSINESS MAIL ADVERTISING.

4. PRINT YOUR EXACT POSTAGE.
5. AVOID POSTAGE LOSSES.
6. SAVE TIME AND EFFORT.



RIYADH : 4024348
4025709
4011243

JEDDAH : 605001
ALKHOBAR: 8641724

EL-AJOU CORP.
P.O. BOX 78 - RIYADH

Democrats may lose Congress

25-year-old grip shaky as Carter popularity drops

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 (AFP) — While Ronald Reagan slugs it out with President Jimmy Carter for tenancy in the White House, Reagan's Republican Party has also launched an all-out drive to loosen the Democrats' quarter-century grip on the U.S. Congress.

The Republicans are given little chance of gaining outright control of Congress this year. But many analysts believe they could win enough seats to pull within striking distance of capturing at least the Senate in 1982. Democrats currently enjoy a 58-41 edge in the Senate with one independent. But of the 34 seats at stake in November, 24 belong to Democrats. The incumbents face the wrath of constituents up in arms over high inflation and unemployment.

"It is fine if there is a 'throw them out' mentality in the country," said Congressman Guy Vander Jagt, chairman of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee, "because there are more of them (Democrats) to throw out than us."

The Republicans are said to have a good chance at picking up from two to six of the 10 new Senate seats they need to end the Democratic dominance that has existed since 1954. In the House of Representatives where the Democrats have a solid 274-159 margin, all seats will be filled in the election. The Republicans are expected to gain anywhere from 10 to 30 seats.

The Republican Party is finally on the rebound from the Watergate scandal that shook down President Richard Nixon's administration in 1974. The party has raised millions of dollars for its local candidates this year.

It also plans to spend a total of \$8 million on a television advertising blitz that rips into Democratic economic policies and urges Americans to "vote Republican ... for a change."

Further aiding the Republican cause is a coalition of conservative groups — including evangelical Christians and other "right to life" abortion opponents — who have targeted up to three dozen liberal Democratic legislators for defeat, and it is not just the lightweight liberals who are an endangered species. The right-wing "hit list" includes South Dakota Senator George McGovern, the 1972 Democratic presidential nominee who now trails his conservative Senate opponent by 20 points in the polls, and Senator Frank Church of Idaho, chairman of the Senate foreign relations committee.

But Democratic leaders are breathing easier than a few weeks ago, when Reagan and the Republicans were riding high in the polls and predicting control of Congress this

Roving 'language inspectors' cost India \$100,000

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6 (AP) — About 30 members of the Indian Parliament leave next week on controversial trips abroad at public expense to find out if Indian foreign missions are following orders to use the Hindi language instead of English.

The trips, severely criticized as junkies by



PRE-SCHOOL: President Jimmy Carter bends down to listen to a youngster in a pre-school classroom in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, during a campaign swing through the big northeastern city. (AP photo)

year. Thomas "Tip" O'Neill, speaker of the House, has now scaled down his predictions of his party's losses in November from 18-25 House seats to 10-18 seats. "There's a general feeling that things have turned around for the Democrats," he said.

But even as the Democrats regain momentum, many of the party's congressmen are uneasy about running on the same ticket as Carter, whose popularity in the polls recently reached all-time lows.

Most of the Democrats in Congress stayed away from the party's national convention last month, preferring to campaign at home

rather than link themselves to the president's renomination for a second term.

Some are openly encouraging the candidacy of independent candidate John Anderson in the hopes that he will be able to attract liberal abstentionists to the polls where they would also cast ballots in local races for Democratic Party congressmen considered more liberal than their Republican adversaries.

"I am very honest with the electorate," said Congressman James Blanchard of Michigan. "I say, 'Yeah, I am just as disappointed with Carter as you are. But I will not recommend Reagan.'"

Southeast Asia and Australia. Reacting to the criticism, the government said in a statement that "the visits are part of the mandate" given to the language committee by Parliament and thus not a responsibility of the administration. Three ministers are going on the tours as members of Parliament and not in their capacity as cabinet members, it said.

The government noted that Parliament and not the administration was funding the cost estimated at more than \$100,000. "If so many MP's feel that they have time to spare for what will essentially be a sightseeing tour... they have no excuse, much less justification, for spending public funds so lavishly on an enterprise that cannot possibly be of any benefit to the country," the *Times of India* newspaper said in an editorial.

Several newspapers have suggested that the parliamentary tours were inconsistent with Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's recent request to all ministers to keep official delegations abroad "to the barest minimum."

The *Times of India* also reported critically on another foreign junket by tourism officials to Japan and Hong Kong. It said that "almost the entire top brass of the ministry of tourism and civil aviation is going on an Air-India trip on Saturday to Osaka, Kobe, Kyoto, Tokyo and Hong Kong."

Left said manipulating aborigines

PERTH, Australia, Sept. 6 (AFP) — Western Australia Premier Sir Charles Court has charged here that a leftist propaganda machine with international links is subjecting aborigines to ideological manipulation.

The charge was quickly denied by the state's only aboriginal parliamentarian, Ernie Bridge. He represents the Kimberley region which includes Noonkanbah Pastoral Station where the western Australian government began exploratory oil drilling a week ago in defiance of pleas by aborigines to spare the area because, they say, it is sacred.

The oil drilling was deplored in Geneva this week by an aboriginal delegation to the United Nations sub-commission on the prevention of discrimination.

Sir Charles said evidence of manipulation of aboriginal groups was growing daily. He complained that Gary Foley, a director of the Victorian Aboriginal Health Services, said in a television interview he was involved in establishing a propaganda network in Europe with a permanent office in London and that it would soon be extended to the Middle East, Africa and Latin America.

The premier said the motives of those supporting minority groups were far more deviant than the pious championing of human rights which they used to cloak an intention of causing racial hatred, division and eventually violence.

Baader-Meinhof killers sentenced

DUESSELDORF, West Germany, Sept. 6 (AP) — A state court has sentenced two members of the Baader-Meinhof terrorist gang to 15 years each in prison for attempted murder in a 1977 shootout and for belonging to the Red Army Faction — the gang's formal name.

The two West Germans, Christof Wackernagel, 38, and Gert Schneider, 31, protested the sentences, shouting at the chief judge: "The sentence is terrorism!" and "We want to get out of here."

The sentences were handed down three years to the day after the kidnapping of industrialist Hanns Martin Schleyer, later killed by members of the Red Army Faction. According to testimony, Wackernagel and Schneider — implicated in the Schleyer slaying — were surrounded by police after leaving an Amsterdam apartment on Nov. 10, 1977. Before they were arrested they tried to battle their way free with a pistol and a hand grenade, which exploded, wounding the fugitives and police officers.

The state attorney had requested life sentences.

Chief Judge Klaus Wagner, in passing sentence, reviewed the history of the RAF, popularly known as the Baader-Meinhof gang after its founders Ulrike Meinhof and Andreas Baader. He characterized it as an illegal urban guerrilla group that waged war on society.

Seychelles bans SAA

NAIROBI, Sept. 6 (AP) — The Seychelles government has banned South African Airways (SAA) flights to and from the Indian Ocean nation.

The official Seychelles news agency, in a dispatch received here from Mahe, quoted a government statement as saying the decision was in keeping with United Nations and Organization of African Unity calls on member-states to sever links with white-ruled South Africa because of its apartheid policies.

South African Airways has operated twice-weekly flights to the Seychelles on its Johannesburg-Hong Kong route. The statement said links with South Africa would be severed as soon as possible.

PASSPORT LOST

Name: Mahamoud Mahamed Hassan
Nationality: Jibouti
Passport No: N-00259
Date & Place of Issue: 29-1-1980-Jibouti

Finder please return it to:
JIBOUTI EMBASSY — JEDDAH

MOLAYAN Transportation Group

- All types of shipping & transportation of cargoes
- Trucking, heavy haulage & heavy rigging
- Project cargoes, containers & break bulk
- Customs clearance & documentation work
- International freight forwarding by land, air and sea
- Fluids transportation - water, diesel and caustic soda

SAUDI GENERAL TRANSPORTATION COMPANY
SAUDI MARITIME COMPANY
SAUDI CONTAINER SERVICES
SAUDI FORWARDING AND TRANSPORT COMPANY
SAUDI LOGISTICS COMPANY
RIGGING INTERNATIONAL SAUDI ARABIA
GENERAL TRANSPORTATION ENTERPRISES

DAMMAM	ALKHOBAR	RIYADH	JUBAIL	JEDDAH
Tel: 832-4855	857-3377	477-2718	833-3126	56781
832-4808		477-8321	833-3109	51844
833-3126		476-2634	833-3143	54203
833-3109				
833-3143				
Tlx: 601289	671204	200405	601289	400262

UNITED KINGDOM	U.S.A.	JAPAN	KUWAIT
Tel: 01-235-4802	212 750-4800	03 404 1711	833380/1/2
816476	424712	2426781	7279
Tel: 01-947-7131	415-465 9300		
Tlx: 928624	336 333		



HUA STEPS DOWN: Communist Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng, right, submitted his resignation, clearing the way for the transfer of the premiership to Vice Premier Zhao Ziyang, left. Hua will retain his post as Communist Party chairman. The news came after Hua met with the Japanese foreign minister this week, and confirms past press reports. (AP photos)

9 die in Guatemala blasts

GUATEMALA CITY, Sept. 6 (AP) — A powerful bomb exploded outside the national palace Friday morning, killing eight people, injuring at least 20 and blowing out hundreds of windows along the main square, authorities and witnesses said. Later, a bus driver died in an explosion in his vehicle.

A Red Cross spokesman said some of the injured at the palace were in critical condition. Most of the injured were hit by flying glass inside the palace, which is the seat of government.

Soon after the blast, another bomb and teargas canister exploded in the nearby justice ministry. Police said there were no injuries and said damage to the ministry was slight. Police evacuated five buildings near the national palace within minutes of the first

blast, saying residents of the area were warned more blasts would follow. No other bombs were found.

But later in the day, a fire bomb exploded in the Paz Department Store, in downtown Guatemala City, slightly injuring a few people, officials said.

Two more bombs exploded in the Aeronautics International Airport terminal, destroying only the garbage cans they were planted in. No one was injured in the nearly vacant terminal.

The death of a bus driver was reported after an explosion ripped apart his vehicle.

In another incident, police said unidentified gunmen shot and killed a radio commentator as he drove his car through northern Guatemala City.

SALES ENGINEERS

Saudi Building Systems, a Joint Venture of Juffali and Butler, requires Sales Engineers for its Pre-Engineered Steel Building Systems. Applicants should have a College Degree, be technically oriented, and fluent in English. Ambitious, Arabic speaking, and single status individuals will be preferred. Compensation package commensurate with experience and qualifications. Submit your resume in confidence to:

Personnel Manager
Saudi Building Systems
P.O. Box 4980,
Jeddah, Saudi Arabia.

REQUIRED For Immediate Rent

We are looking for a warehouse facility for immediate rent. Location in Medina Road and adjacent areas is preferred but other locations will also be considered.

The following specifications should be met:

- Approximately 500-600 square meters covered storage area.
- Dust, water and rain tight.
- Paved floors.
- Roller door or steel gate 5x4 sq. meter.

For further details please contact:—
TELEPHONE 6670077 EXT. 286 OR 284.

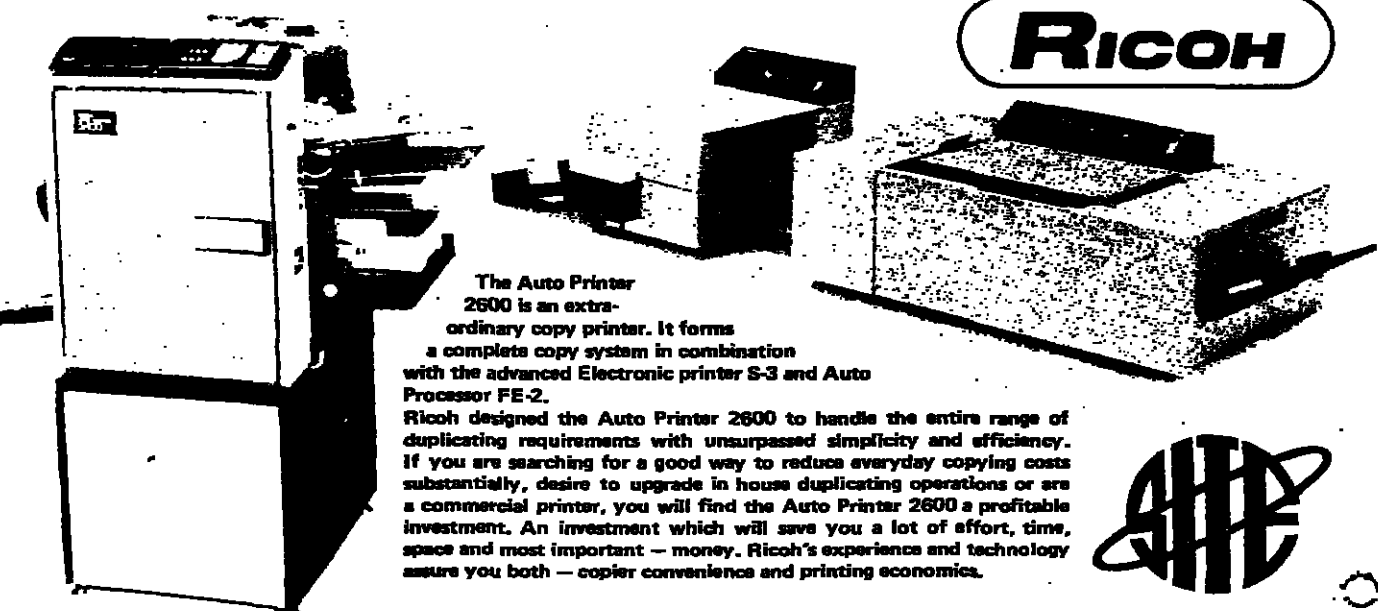
WAREHOUSE FOR RENT

WE HAVE A WAREHOUSE FACILITY TO SUBLET FOR ONE-YEAR TERM OR LONGER PERIOD IF DESIRED.

THIS PROPERTY HAS OVER 1,000 SQUARE METERS COVERED STORAGE AREA PLUS 1,000 SQUARE METER WALLED-IN STORAGE AREA AND IS LOCATED IN SITEEN (60) STREET, JEDDAH.

FOR FURTHER DETAILS PLEASE CONTACT:
TELEPHONE 6670077 EXT. 286 OR 284.

A Complete Automated Copying And Printing System.



SAUDI INTERNATIONAL TRADING ESTABLISHMENT

JEDDAH: P.O. BOX 2766, TEL: 6671132, 6671183 AL-HAMRA, AL-HAMRA CENTRE
RIYADH: P.O. BOX 5380, TEL: 4777627, BEHIND AL-SITTEEN ST. NEAR BRITISH BANK

مكتبة لاليل

Intervened in Zaire

Force guards France's friends

PARIS, Sept. 6 (R) — Twenty years after the breakup of its colonial empire, France has updated its overseas military intervention force which is now surpassed in size only by those of the United States and Soviet Union. Sometimes called the "Gendarmes of Africa" or "Giscard's Centurions" the men of the force have already been mobilized a dozen times to prop up pro-Western regimes, notably that of Zaire, defended from rebel attack by Foreign Legion paratroopers at Kolwezi two years ago.

In at least one case, that of the old Central African Empire a year ago, French troops themselves toppled a ruler, Emperor Bokassa, who had become an embarrassment to Paris. In Gabon, they reinstated the country's president in 1964 after an army coup. In several African states, notably Senegal, Gabon, the Ivory Coast, Djibouti and the Central African Republic, French troops are permanently on hand to ensure that pro-French states, and their often vast natural resources, do not fall into hostile hands.

The capability of the "Forces d'Action Etrangere" (The Intervention Force) was described in a series of interviews by French

and foreign experts, civilian and military, who predicted unprecedented turbulence in the Third World during the 1980's.

They included active or retired French generals, intelligence specialists from NATO countries, company and platoon commanders from the Foreign Legion and French Paratroopers who spearhead the intervention force. One of those who spoke most freely was retired four-star Gen. Georges Buis, who helped draw up global French strategy for the 1970's.

"Certainly all sorts of politico-economic forces are at work both in northern and western Africa, not to speak of the Near East and Gulf region, which spell challenge and conflict to the West in general and France in particular," Buis said. "One probable flash-point is going to be Tunisia where Paris has already demonstrated it is committed to support pro-Western President Habib Bourguiba even though he is unpopular at home."

Buis, echoing accusations by Tunisian leaders and Senegal President Leopold Sedar Senghor, says Libya has designs on French-speaking black nations along the dry Sahel belt south of the Sahara and that it maintains

exile forces earmarked for intervention there.

The mightiest component yet of the French intervention force was assembled earlier this year at a camp in Frejus near the Mediterranean ports that are its jumping-off points to what is diplomatically referred to here as "the African and Mediterranean basin theater".

Given the vague title of "31st Armored and Mechanized Light Brigade," the Frejus unit is clearly designed for armored warfare in desert terrain, according to specialists here. The strength of the unit is about 3,500 men, all career soldiers as is the case throughout the intervention force.

The unit's 15-ton armored cars carry a 105 mm. cannon specifically designed for anti-tank warfare with a range of up to 2,000 meters. France is not yet capable of airlifting such a heavy unit but officers on the French general staff do not appear particularly concerned.

"We can move paratroop and marine units with our own fleet of C-160 Transall medium-range transports. The three regiments making up the 'Groupeement Operationel Aeroportee', the para unit, have enough Milan anti-tank missiles to seriously slow down an armored force before our own armor arrives," a paratroop major says.

"And, even though we are no longer members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization military structure, experience has shown that when Western interests are at stake others will lend us the transport if we put up the troops," he said.

He was referring to French intervention at Kolwezi in Zaire's copper-rich Shaba province in 1978 when foreign legion paratroopers were dropped to recapture the city from Cuban-trained rebels who came from Angola. All heavy equipment for that operation arrived by United States air force C-141 Starliner transports which picked it up at French bases.

Together with the armored unit at Frejus and paratroops stationed in southern France and Corsica, France maintains a marine amphibious unit in Brittany, about 4,000 to 5,000 strong and including light armored cars and a 105 mm. artillery regiment.

All these units spend at least four months a year on a rotation system at French bases overseas, ranging from the Indian Ocean island of Reunion to Tahiti.

A further force of almost 7,000 men is based in African states friendly to France while over 10,000 are in French possessions in the Indian and Pacific oceans and nearly 8,000 in the French West Indies and French Guiana.

The government, while building up the intervention force, is at pains to play down what its missions could be in a world distrustful of foreign intervention.

Arrests, shootings after curfew

Bolivia's stern regime rules the night

LA PAZ, Bolivia, Sept. 6 (LAT) — More than seven weeks have passed since right-wing military officers, destroyed Bolivia's latest attempt to establish a democracy, and life in this city — named for the Spanish word for peace — seems back to normal.

Judian women hawk their wares in the street-side stalls, people take mid-morning breaks to gulp down hot, spicy meat pies, the smugglers' markets are running full blast and the streets are clogged with cars and buses. Except at night.

It is then, after dark, when the curfew — "torque de queda" as it is called here — is in effect, that the oppression of the new government can be seen, almost felt.

At first there seem to be no people, no cars, the only noise an occasional outburst of barking from the dog packs that roam the city. But as one becomes accustomed to the dark and the silence, things begin to catch the eye. Unmarked Toyota jeeps move quietly through the streets, their lights out, carrying the government's semi-clandestine security agents searching for enemies.

Anyone foolish enough to be out during the 11 p.m.-to-6 a.m. forbidden time is considered an enemy and treated as such. The silence is broken nearly every night by bursts of gunfire, when someone, often only a restaurant employee late going home, is caught in the street.

It is at night that the arrests are made. So far, the government acknowledges that 500 people have been rounded up as political prisoners. The Roman Catholic archbishop, however, estimates that 2,000 people have been arrested, a figure thought more accurate by diplomats.

It is at night that people die at the hands of the government forces. By government count, only 30 people have been killed, but according to other reliable sources, 1,000 Bolivians have died, many of their bodies tossed into rivers or cast into deep mountain ravines. It is at night that newspapers are raided, with some editors and reporters taken away, many to be tortured. At least one journalist has been killed.

The nighttime nature of the military regime headed by Gen. Luis Garcia Mesa Tejada was set at the beginning, for it was in the dark of July 17 that the interim and democratically-chosen government of President Lydia Gueiler Tejada (Garcia Mesa's cousin) was overthrown.

The "golpe," as a coup is called here, was the 189th for Bolivia in 155 years, a parade of events that has left this country open to ridicule as something best treated in comic operas. But if in the past, the constant golpes, including the time when five different men were named president in a single day, seemed silly, this one is different — it is deadly serious.

Garcia Mesa, who proclaimed himself president, has said he will be in power for 20

years and has set out to change Bolivia permanently and fundamentally.

Officials of the regime characterize their efforts as "a movement to end forever the violent radicals and leftists who want to destroy us. We have stopped Castroism here."

If such forces existed in Bolivia, they kept to themselves. There were no organized terrorist groups spreading death and destruction. The two Communist parties were tiny and had little popular support.

So, if there was little or no Communist or radical threat to the country, why did Garcia Mesa and his associates overthrow Gueiler?

"It is greed," said one Bolivian, a former government official, "a greed for money and power. If a civilian government stayed in power, these generals and colonels would have lost everything."

On one level, what some of them might have lost was access to part of the \$600 million yearly drug traffic out of Bolivia. There are substantial reports, including claims by

the U.S. Department of State, that some important people in the Bolivian government and military are seriously involved in smuggling cocaine to the United States.

Beyond that, Bolivian sources as well as diplomats claim that several officers and supporters of the new government have used their positions to obtain kickbacks from businesses.

Spokesmen for the Garcia Mesa government, deny all of this, but information obtained by the *Los Angeles Times* indicates that some officers are spending heavily.

For instance, one high-ranking air force officer who earns \$1,000 a month recently bought a house for \$300,000 and also owns several private planes, each valued at more than \$100,000 each.

Other officers have purchased condominiums in Miami, while some are partners in companies constructing high-rise office and apartment buildings in La Paz and Santa Cruz, Bolivia.

Quits cross-Canada trek

Cancer runner stricken again

VANCOUVER, Canada Sept. 6 (AP) — Amputee runner Terry Fox has come home, but not in the way he or his thousands of well-wishers had hoped. Fox had dreamed of limping triumphantly into Vancouver late this year, but his coast-to-coast run was cut short this week when doctors diagnosed that cancer had spread to his lungs.

Three years ago, cancer forced the amputation of his right leg above the knee.

As a chartered plane carrying the young runner arrived from Thunder Bay, Ontario, he was taken directly to a hospital in the Vancouver suburb of New Westminster to begin the second, grim battle with the disease that inspired his cross-country marathon of hope.

His party eluded reporters and officials of the Canadian Cancer Society alike when the plane was diverted to another part of Vancouver International Airport. The stricken runner was placed aboard a waiting ambulance and sped away.

As he lay on a stretcher fighting to hold back tears, Fox told reporters in Thunder Bay: "I hope what I have done will be an inspiration to all and I'm not going to give up my fight."

Fox, 22, of Port Coquitlam, a Vancouver suburb, was taken to a hospital early in the week in Thunder Bay and was said to be suffering from stomach flu.

At a news conference in Thunder Bay,

known as the geographic center of Canada, Fox announced the end to the run he began in St. John's, Newfoundland, on April 12.

He said he did not expect the cancer to spread and he thought he was healthy. "I hope what I have done will be an inspiration to all and I'm not going to give up my fight," he told the reporters.

"He's got to get into hospital fast," said Bill Vigers, a Canadian Cancer Society official who has been traveling with Fox. "It's over," Vigers said. "Cancer again."

In spite of nausea and weakness, Fox ran about 32 km before asking to be taken to a doctor.

"He hasn't been feeling good for a couple of days," said Doug Alward, who is accompanying him.

Thunder Bay marked the halfway point in Fox's attempted marathon of hope across Canada.

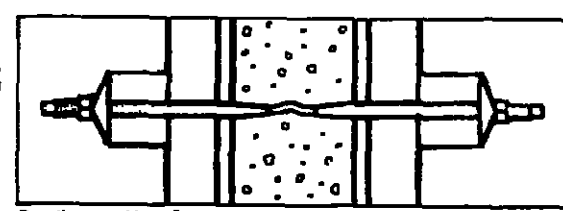
Fox became a Canadian hero during his painful run on an artificial leg, and was mobbed by crowds in communities along the way.

He was grimly determined, and ignored a warning from the war amputations of Canada that he risked serious injury because the stump of his amputated leg was taking such a beating.

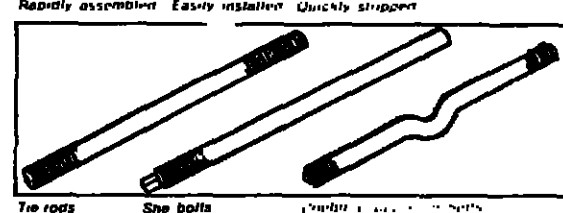
But in Toronto in July he admitted he might not finish his cross-country run. "Even if I don't finish, we need others to continue," he told a crowd.

The widest range of Formwork Tie Equipment available from stock in Saudi Arabia

The fullest and most cost-effective range of formwork equipment is available for hire and sale from stock from our depots in Riyadh, Dammam and Jeddah



SGB tie components are well designed and manufactured from high grade materials representing the finest value available



In addition to the SGB tie components show here the complete range includes: 1. rod assemblies and anchors; 2. U-bolts; 3. hangers; 4. external corner ties; 5. standard adjustable and telescopic supports; 6. drive-type rock anchors and water barriers... plus wrenches and maintenance tools



For more information about ties and other SGB formwork equipment, contact

Available now for hire or sale

SGB

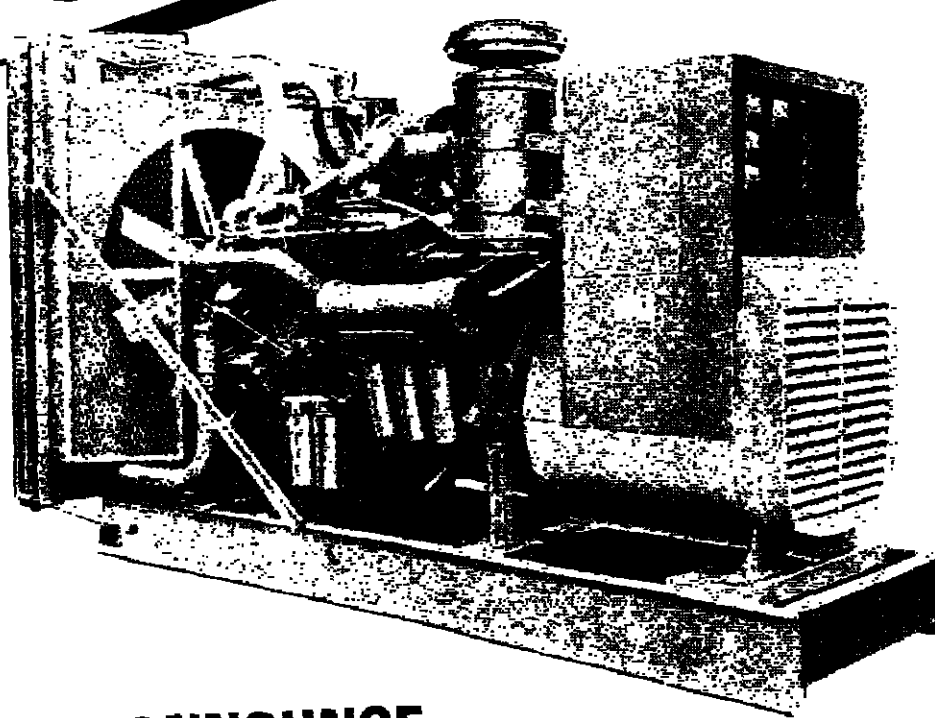
Jeddah Baroom SGB Scaffolding Division
P.O. Box 1346 Tel: 674674 Telex: 401165

Riyadh Al-Dabal Company, SGB Scaffolding Division
P.O. Box 3945 Tel: 4764036
Telex: 601124 Dabal SJ

Dammam Al-Dabal Company, SGB Scaffolding Division
P.O. Box 1102 Tel: 8376043

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY ON THE OCCASION OF OPENING

SAWARY DAMMAM BRANCH



WE ANNOUNCE

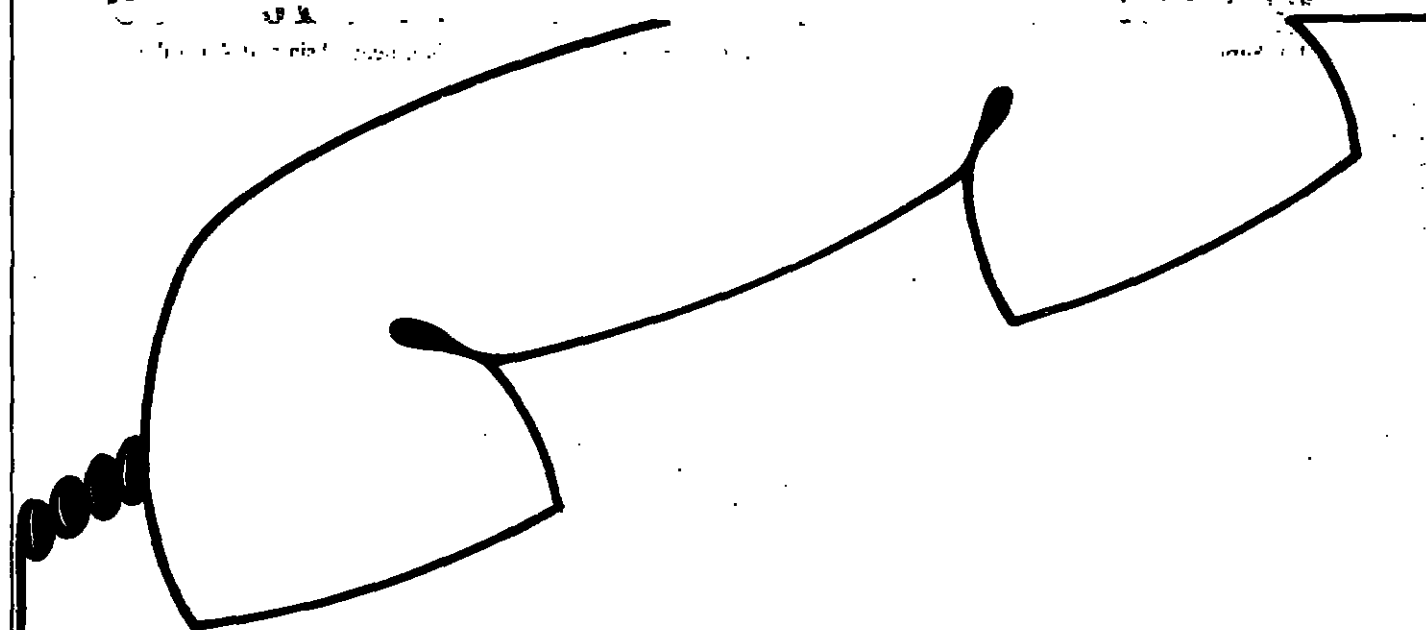
A Big SALE on all Onan Generating sets from 2 kw up to 750 kw during the month of September. Competitive prices, credit facilities, free estimation of your power needs, long term warranty.

For information, call:



SAWARY TRADING & CONTRACTING

DAMMAM : Al Khobar Coast Road near Halwani Stores — Mr. Tello.
JEDDAH : 6421549, 6437558 Mr. Nabulsi.
RIYADH : 4764620 Mr. Freiha.
BURAIDA : 4780 Mr. Ghazali.



ANNOUNCEMENT

Ballast-Nedam Groep N.V.:

ANNOUNCE

that their previous telephone numbers have been changed into:

4010070

(15 LINES)



BALLAST-NEDAM GROEP N.V.

AL-HARITHY BLDG.

AIRPORT ROAD P.O.B. : 5898 RIYADH.

arab news

SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER

Chairman: HISHAM ALI HAFIZ
Editor in Chief: MOHAMMAD ALI HAFIZ

MAIN OFFICE: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARARA, P.O. BOX 4556
TEL: 6534239 6534743 6533723 CABLE: MARADNEWS
TELEX: 401570 ARANEWS SJ JEDDAH

RIYADH OFFICE: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAJHI BUILDING NO. 2, 4th FLOOR,
APT 210, P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 38272-30460-TELEX: 201660
CABLE: ARABNEWS TEL: 201660 MARAD SJ

EASTERN REGION OFFICE: ABULLAH FOUD CENTER ABDUL AZIZ STREET
10TH FLOOR SUITE 1003 AL-KHOBAR TEL: 8042891 8045878

MIDDLE EAST OFFICE: 31 JAZIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINAT
ALMOHANDASEEN, ADOKKI, CAIRO TEL: 818392 - 815121

LIBANON: SANAYAIN EL GHANEM BLDG., P.O. BOX: 8886 BEIRUT,
LIBANON TEL: 547090 TELEX: 20698

SUDAN OFFICE: KHARTOUM AL TAKAH BUILDING ATBARA STREET,
TEL: 717077/71782 P.O. BOX: KHARTOUM 2944

LONDON OFFICE: 67 GOUGH SQUARE FLEET STREET, LONDON EC4A 3J,
TEL: 353-4413-456 TELEX: 899272 ARAB NEWS

EUROPEAN OFFICES: SWITZERLAND: 9 PLACE DU MOLAD, GENEVA,
SWITZERLAND, TEL: 211711 TELEX: 289005 SARE
P.O. BOX 795 1211 GENEVA 3

PARIS OFFICES: 16 RUE CHRISTOPHE COLOMB, AVENUE GEORGE V
75008 PARIS 720 38 34 - 723 68 59

TUNISIA OFFICE: TEL: 256611

U.S. OFFICES: HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1650 HOUSTON,
TEXAS 77027 TEL: 7131 961-0248 TELEX: 790209 ARABNEWS HOU

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20045 TEL: (202) 638-7183, TELEX: 440568 SAUDI UI

JAPAN OFFICE: BABA 2.12.10 TSURUMI, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN,
TEL: (045) 673-8816 TELEX J 47886 UMULQURA, UMULQURA

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION: SR 600 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED

INTERNATIONAL: \$ 200 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED

Produced and Printed at Al-Medina Printing and Publishing Co. Jeddah

For Riyadh and Eastern Region
Printed at Al-Yamama Printing Press

SOLE ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES

TIHAMA

FOR ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS & MARKETING RESEARCH

HEAD QUARTER: Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Ministry of Foreign Affairs Circle
P.O. Box 5455, Tel. 5440000 (20 lines) Tel: 401205 TIHAMA SJ 12 Street
Cable: TIHAMA, JEDDAH

RIYADH BRANCH: Airport St. Behind American Mission P.O. Box 4881,
Tel. 4780384, 68207 Telex: 201305 TIHAMA RSJ Cable: TIHAMA RIYADH

MECCA BRANCH: Omri Al Joud Mecca-Jeddah Road Kilo 3 P.O. Box 1074
Tel. No. 35023, 32708, 27067, 27072 Cable: TIHAMA, MECCA

DAMMAM BRANCH: Ibn Khaldoun District, Al Dhalhan St. Bughhan Bldg. 7th Floor,
Tel. No. 26566, 26567, 26568 Cable: TIHAMA, DAMMAM

OUTDOOR ADV. BRANCH: Jeddah, Hassan Bin Thabit St. Al Bughdayeh,
Tel. No. 20698, 20693 & 20692

ASHA BRANCH: Al-Nasem District Tull Rd. Street P.O. Box 522
Tel. No. 2242371, 2245810 2245816 Cable: TIHAMA, ASHA

TAP BRANCH: Al-Farsaleyyah District Airport St. P.O. Box 1254 Tel. No. 68890

LONDON BRANCH: Tihama Advertising & Marketing (UK) Ltd.,
International Press Centre 76, Shoe Lane, London EC4A 3JB
Tel. No. 3538859, 3538826, 3538126 & 3532140
Telex: 58522 TIHAMA G Cable: TIHAMA, LONDON EC4

WOONG ZIONIST LOBBY

The cheapness, the shoddiness of the political process in a supposedly "great power" such as the United States takes one's breath away. What is one to make of the spectacle of the three main contenders to the highest office in the land abusing themselves publicly and shamelessly before the Zionist lobby, as they all did in the last 48 hours? Is the "Jewish Vote" mobilized by that lobby really worth all this grovelling, all this race to promise more and in aid and comfort to Israel and its gangster-leader Begin? Has office to be pursued at such cost to the country's honor, and with such contempt for international law and morality?

The Arab world, faced with such a spectacle, cannot but give up hope completely of a positive American contribution to the peace and stability of the Middle East. There are some who would counsel otherwise, arguing that all of the sorry speeches were made for "internal consumption" only, and that once the election in November determines the winner all will be well again: the master of the White House will be able to shed the mask of the clown and don once more that of the statesman. But the Arab world will not buy such arguments again. All the speeches contained, within their mawkish effusions, real undertakings to support Israel in its present aggressive and greedy line.

Of the three contenders for Israel's favors, the easy winner has to be Reagan, who gave an unequivocal undertaking to give the Israelis all they will ask, and to recognize their theft of Jerusalem. The PLO, the organization whose representativeness of the Palestinian people has the endorsement of the Arab world and the vast majority of the international community, he dubbed a group of "thugs". Following him came Anderson, who raved about confronting the Arab world as a whole. Then came the supposedly "equitable" Carter, who expressed hope that Jerusalem remain united forever, declared his rejection to the notion of a Palestinian state, and that there will be no recognition of the PLO until it gives prior recognition to Israel. That was the extent of the incumbent's "moderation."

The major question this raises is that of the future of the relations between the U.S. and the Arab world, were the winner to stand by even part of his promises to the Zionists. Is there any point in hoping for anything from the U.S. if Zionism has such a stranglehold on the country's political life? Public opinion appears so brainwashed by the long siege laid to it by the Zionist-influenced media that advances in favor of the Arab cause seem unlikely — not that either the Arab community in the United States or the official representatives of the Arab world have played their part as effectively as they could have up to now.

But behind this consideration there is one even more somber one. Is it that the leaders of the United States set such little value on probable reactions from the Arab leadership that they can allow themselves to talk in the way they did in the last 48 hours? Do they really believe, with Kissinger as he spoke about 10 years ago, that we are so fickle that they could always count on us to forget the past and make a new start? Can they give all they promised to Israel and then turn back to us with professions of disinterest and neutrality thinking that all will be forgiven? We have to admit that our weakness and divisions have led people to think as such in the past. And they will continue to do so until they realize that we mean what we say, and that there is no limit to the sacrifices we are ready to make in defense of our rights.



Hua 'blackmailed' into denouncing Mao

By Dennis Bloodworth

SINGAPORE — Chairman Hua Guofeng's public slap at the errors of Mao Tse-tung has aroused suspicions that the pragmatic leaders now dominating the Chinese Politburo have coerced him into "turning state's evidence" on his dead patron and fellow-Hunanese. In exchange, he will be spared damaging disclosures that might otherwise have implicated him in the misdoings of the ultra-leftist "Gang of Four" during their coming trial.

Hua declared that ultimate responsibility for the party's "grievous and serious mistakes" of the past lay with Mao, specifically citing two of the late chairman's more lamentable failings.

These were his penchant for visionary, do-it-yourself economics that led to the doomed "Great Leap Forward" of 1958, and his abiding passion for disruptive class warfare that culminated in the even more catastrophic "Cultural Revolution" of the mid-1960s.

Chairman Hua was echoing close supporters of Vice-Premier Deng Xiaoping, who repudiate Mao's cherished revolutionary concepts, putting "experts" before "red", production before politics, the mechanization of means before the collectivization of man, and the modernization of backward China before Mao's dream of a classless, egalitarian Utopia.

They had already blamed Mao personally for the emergence of the pernicious Gang, and damned his radical Cultural Revolution as a "major disaster for the Chinese people." But the significance of Hua's censure is that he hails from the other side of the fence.

When the Maoist Gang of Four conspired to pitch Deng Xiaoping into political limbo early in 1976, Hua not only joined the chorus of those who rallied against the "unrepentant capitalist-roader", but became prime minister instead of Deng, with the Gang's connivance.

And after Mao died, Hua stood revealed as his chosen heir, the trusted lieutenant of whom the chairman had reputedly said: "With you in charge, I am at ease."

When Hua, too, points an accusing finger at Mao, therefore, the vacillating cadres and the residue of radicals in China are hearing heresy from the one leader they might look to as their champion at court. But the cornered chairman has bowed to threats and innuendo, and is paying the price of survival.

The threats and the innuendo have been unmistakable. Last month an official Chinese news agency despatch stretched the duration of the infamous Cultural Revolution ("when mistake was made on mistake") to span Hua's first year in office after Mao died, and before Deng was back at the top again to take the country in hand.

Almost simultaneously, a Central Committee directive banned the idolatrous "cult of the personality", calling for most of the quotations and portraits of Mao (and others) that disfigure Chinese cities to be torn down, and for the building of

adulatory memorials and monuments to cease.

This also hit at the vulnerable Hua, for a "cult of Hua" bloomed briefly after Mao's death, and he is the only living leader whose retouched likeness gazes down at the Chinese masses throughout the land today.

It was he, furthermore, who turned Mao's birthplace in Hunan into a national shrine, and who inspired the incongruous mausoleum in Peking in which the embalmed but noticeably biodegradable body of the dead chairman slowly disintegrates along with his image as an infallible god.

It was also Hua who supervised the editing of the fifth volume of Mao's "Selected Works", prophesying: "His thought will live for ever." But Hu Yaobang, the powerful and pro-Deng secretary-general of the party, said rather nastily in June that it would now have to be revised, because it had been put together when the "influence of the Gang of

Four" still prevailed. China must develop new theories and new solutions to its problems.

With Hua whipped into line with oblique menaces, the next party congress will agree unanimously to consign Mao to a man-size niche in history as a revolutionary leader whose theories on party-building, revolutionary war, and revolution itself may still be relevant, but whose damaging delusions about Socialist construction and economics have already been thrown out.

And Hua? The Gang of Four will go on trial "this year", and they would gladly wreck his reputation if they could, for under pressure from the "moderates" he "turned state's evidence" on them also, once Mao was gone. But Deng has said that their trial will be closed to the foreign press, since it would involve "a massive amount of state secrets." Mao is not to be blackguarded publicly. Nor Hua — as long as he behaves. (OFNS)

Portugal to 'reassess' Soviet presence

By Jimmy Burns

LISBON — Western intelligence was alerted six years ago about the undercover activities of at least two of the four Soviet diplomats expelled from Portugal last month.

Russia has condemned the expulsion as totally unjustified and as a plot by opponents of détente to undermine the coming European conference on security in Madrid. But, according to informed sources in Lisbon, Yuri Semenychev, the first secretary at the Soviet embassy in Lisbon, who was one of those expelled, was known as a member of the KGB when he arrived here six years ago.

Semenychev was officially in charge of establishing diplomatic relations between Portugal and the Soviet Union after the Portuguese revolution on April 25, 1974, but his activities involved him in strengthening the Soviet presence in Portugal, a NATO member country.

Officials at the Soviet embassy were concerned not just with supervising political developments in the area, as channelled through the growing influence of the staunchly pro-Moscow Portuguese Communist Party, but also with an intricate system of espionage.

This was aimed mainly at countering the influence of the CIA in Portugal and checking on sensitive military installations, including the strategically important U.S. air base and submarine tracking station in the Portuguese Atlantic islands of the Azores.

Last year's Soviet search for the legendary city of Atlantis may have been cover for an attempt to spy on the U.S. installations at Lajes on the Azorean island of Terceira.

According to reports, Soviet activity in the area had been building up over the previous 18 months. Two Soviet submarines were reported very close to Terceira in January last year, and traffic to and from Azorean ports of Soviet cargo ships and passenger

crucers subsequently increased.

One of the Soviet diplomats expelled was Vladimir Konyacov, naval attaché at the Soviet embassy in Lisbon, who had been on regular visits to the Azores. By becoming the first Portuguese government since the 1974 revolution to expel Soviet diplomats, Portugal's ruling center-right coalition has again demonstrated its firm commitment to Western defense.

Western diplomats in Lisbon believe the expulsions could mark the beginning of a major reassessment of the influence and privileges the Soviet Union still enjoys in Western Europe's most fragile young democracy.

With its 300 embassy employees (at least 20 of whom are believed to be working as undercover agents in close cooperation with East German intelligence), numerous journalists and trade officials, the Soviet presence in Portugal far outweighs that of any other country, with the possible exception of the United States. (OFNS)

Saudi Arabian Press Review

Newspapers Saturday appeared with a variety of major stories. *Al-Bilad* led with Minister of Defense and Aviation Prince Sultan's statement during his visit to Prince Fahd Air Base in Taif, that the Saudi Arabian Armed Forces have major responsibilities to carry out. *Al-Jazirah* played up Riyadh Governor Prince Salman's address to Saudi Arabian students in the United States, in which he said that Crown Prince Fahd's call for the holy war is a repetition of the call made earlier by King Abdul Aziz in 1948 and then by King Faisal in 1969. *Al-Medina* said in its lead story that an Arab economic plan will be submitted to the 10th Arab summit conference scheduled to be held in Amman next November. Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri's projected visits to several Arab states in an attempt to end their differences was reported by *Okaz*, while *Al-Riyadh* and *Al-Nadwa* led with U.S. President Carter's pledge to continue to support Israel and that the fate of Jerusalem would be decided only with the consent of Israel. *Al-Yom* said in its lead that tension prevails in South Lebanon after the renegade militia leader Saad Haddad's threat to resume fighting in the area.

Al-Nadwa reported fierce clashes north of Kabul in Afghanistan. The reported discussion between Syrian President Hafez Assad and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat on the framing of a joint political and military strategy appeared prominently on the front page of *Al-Medina*. Newspapers used as a page one story Minister of Finance and National Economy Sheikh Muhammad Aba Al-Khail's departure for Tunis Sunday to lead the Saudi Arabian delegation at the meetings of the Arab Economic Council beginning at the Arab League headquarters there Monday.

In an editorial on the resumption of the Egyptian-Israeli negotiations on Palestinian autonomy, *Al-Medina* said that Israel has committed many crimes under the umbrella of the Camp David

accords. The paper was convinced that the crimes Israel has perpetrated on the Arabs after the Camp David accords are far greater than those it had committed since 1948 and until the signing of these accords. What Camp David really has achieved is gagging the other two parties (the U.S. and Egypt), which keep quiet over Zionist criminal activities, said the paper. It added that the international community must move to save the Middle East region from the catastrophic effects of the Camp David accords.

Commenting on the armed forces projects, *Al-Bilad* noted that those recently dedicated by King Khalid in Tabuk represent a significant part of an all-out plan of building and progress in the country. Furthermore, the projects which were opened by the Defense Minister at Prince Fahd Air Base in Taif symbolize the country's role in boosting political and military efforts for a successful confrontation of Zionism, Communism and colonialism, the paper said.

Al-Nadwa commented on the meetings of the Governors of Islamic Central Banks and the governor of Arab Central Banks, highlighting their unified stance on the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank, which oppose the PLO's joining in the coming annual meetings. The paper also highlighted the Turkish Parliament's withdrawal of confidence from the Turkish Foreign Minister, who was charged with being excessively pro-West at the expense of Turkey's relations with the Arab and Islamic countries. The paper added that, while it is not intended to overemphasize these events, it must be noted that the nation does have immense energy and potential to confront the enemies. What the nation lacks is the will-power, which is more important than the adoption of resolutions and issuance of statements, the paper said.

Dealing with the Sudanese President's projected

tour of some Arab and Islamic states, *Okaz* said it confirms that leaders have realized that solidarity is like a bridge which nations would have to cross in order to be able to confront the enemy. Crown Prince Fahd's call for Jihad was an objective approach to bring the nation on the right track, said the paper, adding that such a stance requires introspection and a readiness to shoulder the responsibility by erasing all the petty squabbles and differ-

ences. The paper said the Sudanese leader's tour was in tune with the development of events and provides a proof that the crown prince's appeal is a realistic solution to the present crisis. The call for the holy war in fact has exposed vast horizons to the Arabs and Muslims. Now they should exploit this call with full responsibility so they can successfully restore the usurped lands and the holy places, the paper added.



Listening to Sadat's ban on slaughtering cattle and sheep for a month, Begin says: "Jerusalem is the last I've slaughtered."

Al-Medina

هكذا من اجل

A city on the Red Sea

Jeddah's multinationals under one 'tent'

By Shirley Chu Mitschke

Like many other big cities around the world, Jeddah's teeming population is cos-

Apart from fellow Malaysians a population itself of Malays, Chinese, Indians and Eurasians, May Hsia's circle of friends in Jeddah also included many other mixed cou-

boy.

The English-educated Thai wife of a German manager, P. Braun, probably considers Jeddah a more convenient place to start a family life with a baby, as she is still unfamiliar with the German way of life. With a handful of diapers but a willing and child-loving Ethiopian maid to assist her, she would rather not entertain the thought of coping with a screaming baby, a new and difficult language, German in-laws and relatives and the customs and climate of her husband's fatherland, all at once. At least, not just yet.

A few months back, another Jeddah resident, a gracious Pakistani, Shahid Hafiz, married his English sweetheart and automatically joined Jeddah's colorful couples. For Shahid Hafiz, who speaks impeccable English and who has given the subject of intermarriage some thoughts, this conclusion arose:

"It's not race, religion or color but entirely the cultural difference which is paramount."

In Jeddah many Asians and Westerners are able to sample the culinary specialties of the Arabian world and the Middle East.

Moreover, numerous Jeddah residents from across the Red Sea add their own recipes to blend with the wide range of a gourmet's repertoire. Even curry experts from India and Pakistan are full of praise for the Eritrean version they savored: "If the special flavor of Eritrean curry is simply sensational," one says. "If we were not in Jeddah, we would probably never get to know so many talented Eritreans, Ethiopians, Lebanese from all the war-torn countries."

Market researchers and importers are quick to stock warehouses, souks and supermarkets with every conceivable variety of consumers' goods, including extravagant and exotic products, in great supplies to meet the high and increasing demand of Jeddah's sophisticated international population.

Should you not find a can of German sauerkraut in London, or was your search for a tin of Malaysian Rambutans equally futile in Paris, just drive around the corner to one of the many Supermarkets in bustling Jeddah. Chances are you'll not come away disappointed or empty-handed.

In the first place, Jeddah attracts so many foreigners because it is a boom city and a significant commercial center with an active seaport and an international airport.

The accelerated growth of this dynamic city has created not only a manpower vacuum but a widespread gap which needs to be bridged — at least until Saudi has trained its own qualified staff — by foreigners. Thus, the group of nationalities working in Jeddah is further enhanced by technicians, constructors, instructors, delegates, surveyors, pilots, architects, engineers and other specialists and experts from Arab and Western countries.

From the United States, which is already a "melting pot" an extra touch of variety is added to Jeddah's multinational scene. The startling economic take-off has also attracted Arabs from within Saudi Arabia to Jeddah.

The Bedu driving a gaily decorated taxi is a familiar sight in this city which never ceases to inspire a writer or artist to capture the social and visual impact of such a gay collage.

Jeddah also serves as the greeting place for pilgrims, whether they arrived by ship or airplanes. There is a constant coming and going of people.

The duration of the stay for most foreigners in Jeddah is from two to four years. Some will return back to their own country. Many will just "fold their tents" and move on to far-away places in the true spirit of the nomads. No matter which direction ex-Jeddah residents might take, this beautiful bride of the Red Sea won't easily be forgotten.

And many who left Jeddah have returned. Many more will not leave Jeddah, for this city is their refuge from unemployment, starvation and war. Still others will not leave Jeddah at all, if possible, because it is a dream come true for people who have had unpleasant experiences because of their color.

One such Jeddah resident is Abu Bakar van der Schyff, an excellent sportsman and an English-educated architect. He has turned his back on his native country, South Africa, for the racial environment was suffocating him. Classified as "mixed" because a Welsh ancestor was partly Asian, he has no desire to continue living in a neighborhood where "none-whites" are practically outsiders.

Sketched by Shirley Chu Mitschke

Multinational Population of Jeddah

opolitan. However, at this point the similarity ends. Few other cities can compare with Jeddah when a sightseer's first impression gives way to a deeper insight of the actual relationship between various nationalities living here.

Jeddah offers a unique experience in harmonious living. Foreigners with Saudi Arabian sponsors and colleagues from the Middle East are in constant contact with one another. Field-workers, geologists, surveyors, and others are exposed to another aspect of the Arabian world where Bedouins are at home. Many Jeddah residents who work at the port for example, find themselves dealing with strong and agile Yemenis.

When the day's work is done and it is time to return home, many foreigners in Jeddah find that their encounters with other nationalities are not quite over.

Many Jeddah residents still vividly remember the miniature United Nations of the family Pearce-Smith, who left Jeddah two years ago.

In the house that Nigel Pearce-Smith, a tall, pale Englishman, his wife, May Hsia, a dark Malaysian "Nonya" and their two Eurasian children lived, there was also a domestic maid from Somalia, a local driver called Mansour and a Pakistani gardener.

ples — Europeans, Asians, Saudi Arabians, Middle Easterners and even a South African of Indian origin.

When this couple first met, it was the Englishman's task to adapt himself to the Malaysian way of life. After their marriage, it was his Oriental wife's turn to get used to English society and the cold climate. Thus, for them both, Jeddah proved to be a neutral base.

Jeddah's inter-married couples are numerous and well-known. Ticking off names on a list of mixed couples currently residing in city, one finds the Wilcozes (U.S. American — Filipino); the Kochs (German — Lebanese); the Komandas (Japanese — U.S. American); the Hukes (English — Singaporean); the Brauns (German — Thai); the Grobers (U.S. American — Chinese); and so on. The list is exceptionally long, with some of the names too exotic to remember, let alone to spell out after a brief introduction.

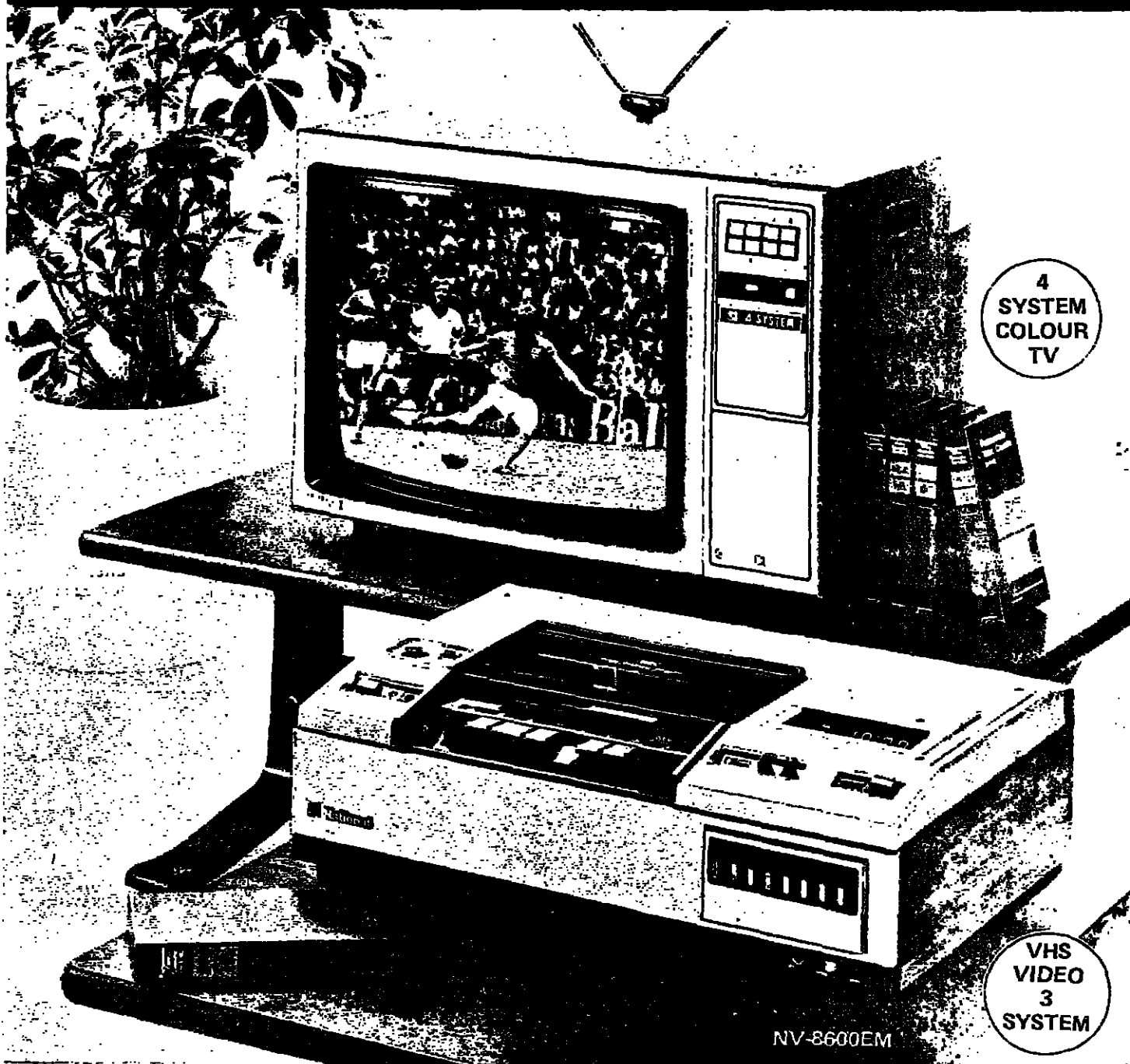
Neither in the West nor in the Far East can one find such a myriad of nationalities working and living together as is the case here.

Another house in Jeddah with at least four different nationalities living under one roof is that of the Komandas. This couple from Japan and the United States, has a Sudanese driver and an Indonesian house-

A WORLD OF ACTION & COLOUR IN YOUR OWN HOME



HOME VIDEO ENTERTAINMENT SYSTEMS



4 SYSTEM COLOUR TV

VHS VIDEO 3 SYSTEM

NV-8600EM

Multi-Standard VHS Video Cassette Recorder
Multi-standard operation (PAL/SECAM: recording and playback, NTSC: playback only.) 3 hour recording.



TC-293NSP

20" Colour TV with SECAM/PAL/3.58 NTSC for TV signal reception/4.43 NTSC for VCR reproduction.



TC-290NSP

20" Colour TV with SECAM/PAL/3.58 NTSC for TV signal reception/4.43 NTSC for VCR reproduction.



TC-6300E

60" Diagonal Colour Video Projection System. Compact one-piece cabinet design. SECAM/PAL dual system and NTSC VCR reproduction.

An exciting, pleasurable, breathtaking, colourful world of entertainment. That's National's wide world of home TV & video entertainment.

Experience the unforgettable, exhilarating feeling of being actually there in the middle of all the excitement. Share the memorable moments in life with your friends and family in the comfort of your own home.

National takes you into the world of exciting entertainment

M. JAMIL HAROON DAHLAWI CO.

MECCA: 5747272 — JEDDAH: 6424333 — TAIF: 7321425 — MEDINA: 22632
RIYADH: 4026707 — DAMMAM: 8326087 — KHOBAR: 8647840 — KHAMIS MUSHAYT: 7924/9848

VILLAS FOR RENT

AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY 5 SEPARATE TWO LEVEL FAMILY VILLAS LOCATED IN AL KHOBAR ON SAME STREET AS U.S. FIRMS GUEST HOUSE - ACROSS FROM 5 HOSPITAL COMPLEX

FURNISHED VILLAS CONTAIN 3 BEDROOMS, 2 1/2 BATHS, LIVING ROOM, DINING ROOM, FULLY EQUIPPED KITCHEN, AIR-CONDITIONING AND T.V., COMMON LAUNDRY BUILDING, AND SWIMMING POOL.

FOR INFORMATION CALL:
RIYADH - TEL.: 4917700 EXT.: 4194 OR 4130
INSPECTION OF VILLAS MAY BE ARRANGED BY CALLING DAMMAM - TEL.: 833-2188, EXT.: 250 OR TEL.: 833-9559

Trinity Trust & SAVINGS LIMITED

17% gross p.a.
One-year fixed term

MINIMUM DEPOSIT £100
Send for full details of this and other deposit accounts on terms from 7 days to 5 years.

*Interest paid half-yearly
Trinity Trust & Savings Ltd

Dept AN Osborn House
Trinity Trees, Eastbourne
East Sussex BN21 1BR
England
Tel. (0323) 639575

OPEC plans new price system, Ortiz says

SAARBRUECKEN, West Germany, Sept. 6 (Agencies) — The Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries plans to introduce a new price system based on the average inflation and exchange rates of industrial nations, its general secretary has been quoted as saying.

The ARD West German television network said it was told by Rene G. Ortiz that the new system, adjusting oil prices every three months, will probably be introduced by the OPEC member countries' heads of state at their Baghdad summit in November.

This appeared to confirm previous reports that the new system will account inflation rates, currency exchange rates and the average growth of gross national product in the most important industrial states.

Ortiz said OPEC strategy was not to replace the dollar as the major currency on the true value of OPEC oil exports.



Rene G. Ortiz

OPEC oil ministers completed a working plan to be presented for approval to a conference of OPEC oil, foreign and finance ministers scheduled for Sept. 15 and 16 in Vienna, Ortiz said.

In Caracas meanwhile, Energy and Mines Minister Humberto Calderon said Friday, Venezuela is in favor of OPEC oil ministers meeting in Vienna later this month to discuss the current state of the oil market.

Oil ministry sources in Gulf states have said several ministers requested the special session to talk about the glutted oil market.

On rich-poor gap

Yugoslavia proposes global talks

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 6 (AP) — Yugoslavia, attempting to break a procedural deadlock at a special session of the U.N. General Assembly, has proposed that a new round of highly level global economic negotiations be launched next January.

The proposed conference, which would aim at redressing the economic imbalance between the industrial North and underdeveloped South, "should start functioning on 12 January 1981 and should make every effort to conclude by 11 September," Bogdan Cernobrnja of Yugoslavia proposed Friday. The conference would be held at U.N. headquarters in New York.

Cernobrnja heads a General Assembly working group attempting to map out procedures for the proposed global negotiations in the areas of trade, commodity prices, development aid, energy and international financing.

The Yugoslav proposal said the conference "should result in a package agreement" and "all parties to the agreement will be committed to its implementation."

The first eight weeks of the conference, would establish objectives and provide guidance for an agenda and draw up a time frame for negotiations on each issue.

Detailed negotiations of specific agenda items would be assigned to U.N. specialized agencies or to groups created specifically for that purpose by the conference. Since there is no specialized energy agency, this topic presumably would be assigned to what Cernobrnja referred to as an "ad hoc group."

Third World countries had been pushing for package treatment of the various issues by a committee of the Whole, representing all 153 U.N. member states — 119 of which are developing countries.

Western industrial countries insisted on detailed negotiations going to specialized agencies. Monetary and financial issues thereby would be dealt with by the International Monetary Fund and World Bank, institutions poorer countries complain are controlled by the rich industrial countries.

Citibank raises prime rate to 12 %

NEW YORK, Sept. 6 (AP) — Citibank, the second-largest U.S. commercial bank, raised its prime lending rate from 11.5 to 12 per cent Friday.

It was Citibank's third increase in its base lending rate in three weeks. The move, if followed by other major lenders now charging 11.5 per cent, would bring the key business lending rate to its highest level since late June.

Increases in the cost of acquiring funds in money markets have been behind the latest prime rate increases, analysts say. The prime rate fell as low as 10.75 per cent at a few banks in late July before a surge in short-term interest rates sent it climbing in the past weeks.

The prime lending rate is the base rate banks generally apply to business loans for their best corporate customers. Small business usually pay a percentage point or more above it.

The prime rate is widely followed as a generally indicator of interest rate trends. The prime rate rose to a record 20 per cent in April in an interest rate spurt which accompanied strict credit and monetary policy by the federal reserve.

Federal Reserve Board member Lyle Gramley said that the improvement in the level of economic activity should result in higher interest rates.

Interest rates uncertainty results in moderate trading

NEW YORK, Sept. 6 — Continuing uncertainty concerning the course of interest rates Friday brought sellers to the fore and sent the market lower on moderate volume. At the close, the Dow Jones Industrial Average was down 7.85 to 940.96. Transports dropped 2.36 to 325.42 and utilities were down .18 to 112.78. Volume dropped sharply from Thursday's price to 38,140,000 shares. 813 issues declined, while 692 were higher.

Among the hardest hit stocks Sabine was down 2 3/4 to 57. Eli Lilly dropped 1 1/2 to 50 3/4. Kerr McGee was 1 1/2 lower at 77. Getty lost 1 1/4 to 77 3/4 and Monsanto was off 1 1/2 to 53 1/2.

On the bright side GCA and Texas Instruments each gained 3 1/2 to close respectively at 72 and 130 1/4. Homestake added 3

Weekly Wall Street A boon for mutual funds

NEW YORK, Sept. 6 (AP) — The strong performance of the stock market this year has been a boon, in more ways than one, for mutual funds that invest in stocks. For the 12 months ended July 31, the Wiesenberger Investment Companies Service reports, the 488 funds it tracks posted an average gain in net asset value of 14.9 per cent.

The most volatile funds — those investing for "maximum capital gains" or aggressive growth — were up 31.9 per cent; growth funds 24.8, and those seeking a combination of growth and income 17.7.

Assets of conventional mutual funds (excluding the short-term money-market and tax-exempt funds) climbed to \$54.3 billion in July, the Investment Company Institute reports.

That marks the highest level since January 1973, when the Dow Jones Industrial average was peaking out at its record-closing high of 1,051.70, just before the market began a severe two-year decline.

The fund's relatively strong showing of late has helped them attract some new money from investors who shunned them for most of the past decade.

Sales of shares in stock funds reached \$470 million in July, up 26 per cent from the June total of \$374 million. An important contributor to that trend has been the aggressive-growth funds, whose July sales of \$173 million set a record.

This revival hasn't escaped the attention of analysts who watch the funds for clues to the prevailing mood among investors and the possible future course of stock prices.

In the 1950s and 1960s, money flowing into mutual funds was considered an important source of steady demand for stocks, contributing to the market's rise during most of those years.

When funds started suffering net redemp-

tions — more money flowing out than in — about a decade ago, it was similarly regarded as a negative influence on the market. Should stock funds continue to regain popularity, the theory goes, they could help give the recent bull market some staying power.

In the holiday-shortened week just concluded the market weathered such storms as news of another big jump in producer prices and an unfounded rumor that Ronald Reagan had suffered a heart attack to post a modest gain.

The Dow Jones Industrials, which had dropped 34.13 points in the two preceding weeks from their mid-August peaks, rebounded 8.37 to 940.96.

The New York Stock Exchange composite index picked up 1.60 to 72.13, and the market value index at the American Stock Exchange rose 6.59 to 331.36.

Big Board volume continued to set a heavy pace, averaging 46.17 million shares a day against 38.90 million the week before.

Ironically, although stock mutual funds have clearly benefited from the bull market on Wall Street, the money managers who run them are behaving as though they're very skeptical about the whole thing.

While the rally has been proceeding, they have been steadily selling more stock than they have bought, and putting increased amounts of their assets into "cash" — Wall Street shorthand for money-market securities.

India seeking more oil from Iran, Indonesia

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6 (AP) — Prime Minister Indira Gandhi is sending special envoys to Indonesia and Iran to discuss the prospects of importing more oil from these countries.

"Indonesia is an important member of OPEC (Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries) and the voice of Indonesia is heard with great respect in OPEC," former Foreign Minister Swarn Singh said before departing Friday for Jakarta.

"Indonesia being an importing member of the ASEAN group of countries, we attach special importance to the understanding of our attitudes in the economical and political fields," Singh added.

An Indian spokesman said that Finance Minister Ramaswami Venkatarman would visit Tehran between Sept. 8-10 to discuss oil imports and other bilateral issues. It is the first visit to Iran by a member of Mrs. Gandhi's cabinet since she re-assumed power in January.

India imports about 22 million metric tons of petroleum products annually, mostly from the states.

Jobless rate drops in U.S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 (Agencies) — The unemployment rate in the United States edged down to 7.6 per cent in August, but wholesale food prices surged upward for a second straight month to forewarn sharply higher supermarket costs, the government has reported.

In companion reports, the Labor Department said Friday significant improvements in manufacturing for the first time this year helped lower the jobless rate from July's 7.8 per cent rate.

Department analysts interpreted the unemployment dip as a positive sign that economic activity is improving following a sharp drop in output earlier this year.

At the same time, however, the department said wholesale, or producer, food prices at the finished-goods level jumped 4.4 per cent last month, the steepest increase in seven years. That jump followed a 3.8 per cent rise in July.

While much of the food price increase resulted from drought in the Mid-Western farmland, it was certain to cause political problems for President Jimmy Carter during this election year.

Foreign Exchange Rates

Quoted at 5:00 P.M. Saturday

	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
Bahraini Dinar	—	8.95	8.90
Belgian Franc (1,000)	115.00	117.50	—
Canadian Dollar	2.87	—	—
Deutsche Mark (100)	185.00	187.25	186.55
Dutch Guilder (100)	170.00	174.00	172.00
Egyptian Pound	—	4.35	4.30
Emirates Dirham (100)	—	90.50	90.25
French Franc (100)	80.00	80.65	80.30
Greek Drachma (1,000)	—	80.00	—
Indian Rupee (100)	—	—	43.25
Iranian Rial (100)	—	—	—
Iraqi Dinar	—	9.50	—
Italian Lira (10,000)	38.90	39.50	39.50
Japanese Yen (1,000)	15.30	—	15.45
Jordanian Dinar	—	11.40	11.39
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	12.44	12.44
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	97.40	97.15
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	87.50	86.50
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	—	33.85
Philippines Peso (100)	—	—	44.50
Pound Sterling	7.94	8.08	8.05
Omani Rial (100)	—	91.75	91.50
Singapore Dollar	—	—	1.57
Spanish Peso (1,000)	—	53.00	48.00
Swiss Franc (100)	201.00	204.00	203.25
Syrian Lira (100)	—	77.25	85.40
Turkish Lira (1,000)	—	44.00	—
U.S. Dollar	3.32	3.33	3.325
Yemeni Rial (100)	—	73.15	72.95
Gold kg.	—	69,600.00	—
10 Tolas bar	—	8,150.00	—
Silver kg.	—	—	—

Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Jeddah. Tel: 23815.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
Municipality of Al-Jauf	Extension of water pipes in some areas of Skaka	1	500	Sept. 20
"	General maintenance of Skaka's roads	2	500	Sept. 20
Municipality of Buraidah	Fencing of public parks in Safraa	—	500	Sept. 7
Ministry of Agriculture and Water	Sinking of a well in Al-Zubaira and six wells in Hail	9/1	200	Sept. 13
"	Sinking of four artesian wells in Riyadh Al-Khabraa	10/1	200	Sept. 15
Municipality of Hafr Al-Baten	Construction of lavatories at Al-Ruq'ie seaport	15/11D/11	1000	Sept. 13
"	Extension of vegetable, fish and meat market of 20 shops	"	1000	Sept. 13
"	Construction of two wash-houses for the dead	20/11D/11	1000	Sept. 13

PORTS AUTHORITY

JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT
SHIPS MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS ON
THE 6TH SEPTEMBER, 1980 — 26TH
SHAWAL, 1400

VESSLS DISCHARGING :

Berth	Vessel	Agent	Cargo	Date
1 A	Seaspeed Arabia	Fayez	Ro Ro	6.9.80
2	Al Shehabia	H.S.S.C.	Loading Flour	19.8.80
3	Hannah Lu	Alhosaibi	Loading MTY Contrs.	5.8.80
4	Han Bori	O.C.E.	General/Steel	2.8.80
5	Dace Bank	Aireza	Contrs./Gen/Dozers	3.9.80
6	Primorje	Amar	S. Beam/Stl. Furniture	26.8.80
7	Nord Haffen	S.S.M.S.C.	Durra	2.8.80
8	Antonie P. Lamos	Algezirah	General	1.9.80
10	Coronia	S.G.S.A.	Begged Grain	1.9.80
11	Maldive Movel	O.C. Trade	Timber/Rice/Sorghum	3.9.80
14	Kota Jasa	O.C.E.	Foodstuffs/Gen/Stl.	4.8.80
17	Dena	Shobokshi	General	6.8.80
18	Ionian Carrier	Rolaco	Bulk Cement	2.8.80
19	Louis L.D	Alsbah	Bulk Cement	29.8.80
20	Rio Frio	Alpha	Begged Barley	1.9.80
24	Singapore Island	Alexas	Contrs./Stl. Tubes	5.8.80
25	Renton Everett	O.C.E.	Reefer	27.8.80
26	Serifos	M.T.A.	Reefer	30.8.80
27	Crimmitschau	Shobokshi	Contrs./General	6.8.80
28	El Obaid	A.E.T.	Fertilizers / General	4.8.80
29	Antzouletta	Alsaada	Rice/Military Vehs.	5.8.80
31	Miesto	O.C.E.	Begged Rice	3.9.80
38	Ethiops Express	Kanoo	Durra	18.8.80
40	Sarn Houston	Star	Government Cargo	4.8.80
41	Atsaya	M.T.A.	Timber/Cement/General	5.8.80
42	Strider Juno	H.S.S.C.	Ro Ro Units	4.8.80

DAMMAM PORT MANAGEMENT
SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS OF
26-10-1400 — 6-9-1980 CHANGES PAST 48
HOURS

1. VESSELS DISCHARGING :

Berth	Ship	Agents	CCargo	Date
1	Bravenes	Barber	B/Wheat	3.9.80
4	Hohsing Arrow	U E P	Steel/Pipes	1.9.80
7	Ibn Hayyan	Kanoo	General	5.9.80
10	Konistra	Kanoo	Timber/Barley/Gen	3.9.80
11	Berjaya	Alsaada	Steel Sheets/Gen	2.9.80
13	Tsing Yi Island	U E P	General	3.9.80
14	Hellenic Sun	Gulf	Gen/Contrs	4.8.80
15	Kriti Pearl	Kanoo	General	5.8.80
19	Clisson	U E P	Begged Barley	31.8.80
21	Warsak	S E S A	General	6.8.80
22	Asia Lark (DB)	Alireza	Bulk Cement	2.8.80
31	Han Garam	O C E	General	4.8.80
33	Kashima Maru	Gulf	Steel Bars	3.9.80
36	Primavera (DB)	S M C	Bulk Cement	16.8.80
37	Cape Comorin	Barber	Bentonite Clay	4.8.80
38	Capulet	Kanoo	Barites in Bulk	28.8.80

How about going to PARIS NICE-MONTECARLO this summer? Or to the romantic SEYCHELLES ISLANDS

If you are interested we have programmed a wonderful holiday for you.

Reservations with first class hotels, and all kinds of facilities at your disposal to make your holiday a truly memorable one.

We leave for

Paris, Nice, Montecarlo on 15.10.80 and return on 24.10.80
Seychelles Islands on 17.10.80 and return on 26.10.80

الخطوط
AVIATRANS
Tel: 692331-602361-602953
Behind Luna Park.

For further information call:

AIR FRANCE
Tel: 693444-691316-691269

Zahid Tractor

JEDDAH

have vacancies for
WAREHOUSEMEN
and
FIELD DRIVERS

with Heavy Goods Vehicle Licences

Applicants for both positions must have full command of English both written and spoken, only those qualified and with Transferable Iqamas will be considered.

Applicants should report to:
MOHAMMAD SALEEM KIDWAI,
Parts Office Supervisor
between 7 am and 11 am at:

Zahid Tractor
& Heavy Machinery Co Ltd

KILO 5, MECCA ROAD, JEDDAH.

VIVA ESTABLISHMENT For Specialized Companies in Building Construction Only

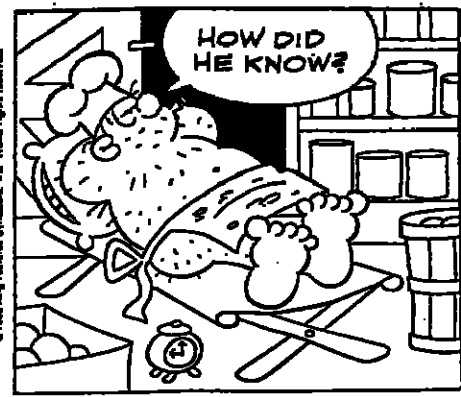
VIVA ESTABLISHMENT FOR CONTRACTS INVITES OFFERS
FOR IMPORTATION AND INSTALLATION OF THE FOLLOWING:

- (1) Ground Marble 4,000 Square Meters.
- (2) FRONT SIDE Marble 1,600 Square Meters.
- (3) Plumbing for 18 Bathrooms & 10 Kitchens.
- (4) Painting of 14,000 Square Meters.
- (5) Aluminium with Sliders (Bronze Colour) 800 Square Meters.
- (6) Wooden Ceiling 800 Square Meters.
- (7) Mosaic Floors 1,600 Square Meters.

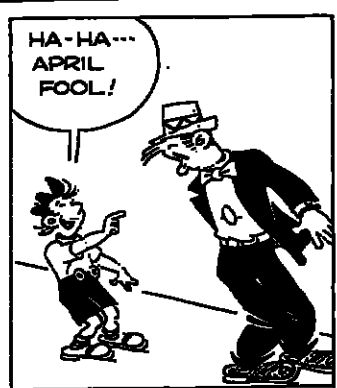
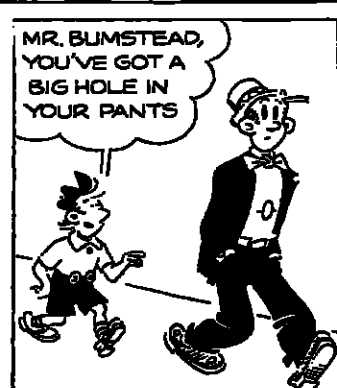
All these works are requested to be executed for the building situated at AL HAMRA ROAD. The building consists 24 apartments, central super market and parking area for cars.

INTERESTED Corporations are kindly requested to send their representatives for negotiations with the VIVA EST. OFFICES at Maccaronia Road, behind Saudi Marble Co., Tel. 6656149 or 6658582.

BETTY BAILEY



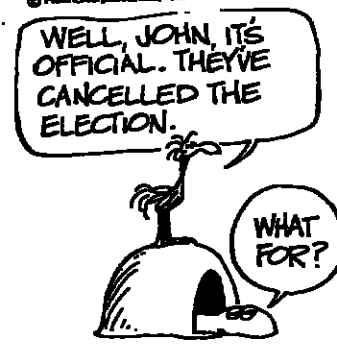
BLONDIE



B.C.



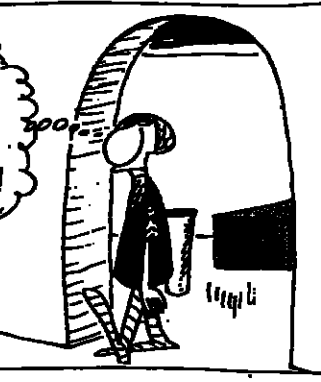
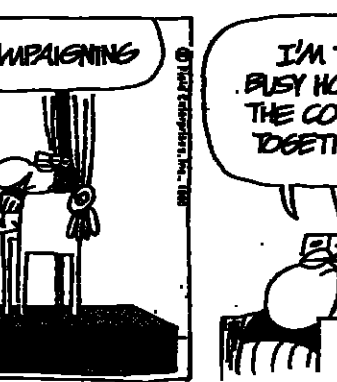
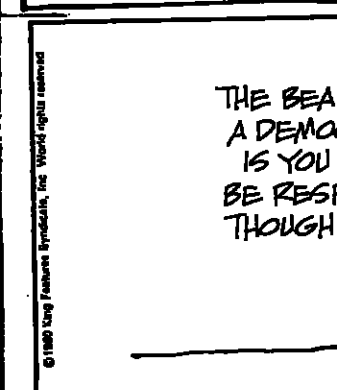
HAGAR



SMALL SOCIETY



WIZARD



arab news CALENDAR

SAUDI RADIO

On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band
On SW at 11.025 MHz in 25 meter band
On MW at 1485 Kilohertz in 262 meter band

VOA

F.M.

8:00 News Roundup
8:30 Reports: Actualities
9:00 News Summary
9:30 News Summary
9:45 News: The Making of a Nation
10:00 News Summary
10:10 News: U.S. (Standard)
10:30 News Roundup
10:45 Reports: Actualities
10:55 Opening: Analyses

News Summary

10:30 VOC Magazine
10:45 American Newsweek
11:00 Special English: News
11:30 Music: U.S. (Jazz)
12:00 News Summary
12:05 News Roundup
12:15 News: U.S. (Standard)
12:30 News Roundup
12:45 Reports: Actualities
12:55 Opening: Analyses

BBC

Morning Transmission

8:00 World News
8:09 Twenty-Four Hours
8:30 News Summary
8:45 World Today
9:00 Newsweek
9:30 Open Star
10:00 World News
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours
10:30 News Summary
10:45 Something to Show You
11:00 World News
11:09 Reflections
11:15 Piano Style
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978
12:00 World News
12:09 British Press Review
12:15 World Today
12:30 Financial News
12:40 Look Ahead
12:45 The Tony Myatt

Evening Transmission

1:15 Ulster in Focus
1:30 Discovery
2:00 World News
2:09 News about Britain
2:15 Alphabet of Musical
2:30 Sports International
2:40 Radio Newsworld
3:15 Promenade Concert
3:45 Sports Round-up
4:00 World News
4:09 Twenty-Four Hours
4:30 The Pleasure of Your
5:15 Report on Religion
6:00 Radio Newsworld
6:15 Outlook
7:00 World News
7:09 Commentary
7:15 Sherlock Holmes
7:45 World Today
8:00 World News
8:09 Books and Writers

8:30 Take One

8:45 Sports Round-up
9:00 News about Britain
9:09 News Summary
9:30 Farming World
10:00 Outlook News
10:09 News Summary
10:30 Stock Market Report
10:45 Look Ahead
11:00 Ulster in Focus
11:09 World News
11:30 Twenty-Four Hours
12:15 Talkabout
12:45 Nature Notebook
1:00 World News
1:09 World Today
1:25 Financial News
1:35 Book Choice
1:40 Reflections
1:45 Sports Round-up
2:00 World News
2:09 Commentary
2:15 The Face of England

PHARMACIES

(Open Sunday Night)

Ma'abidh
Ghazal
Mansoura, Main Road
Red St.
Kharouf St.
Bakht King's Hospital
Addis St.
Adamah locality
Prince Mansour St.
Municipality St.
Khamsa Market

Tel.

730914

43441

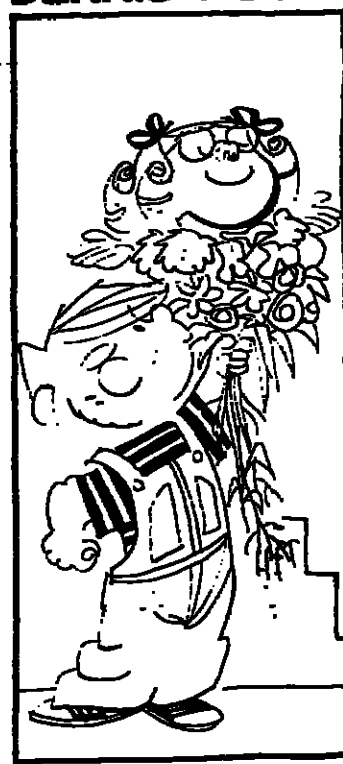
30881

41327

21546

51332

DENNIS the MENACE



"MMMM... THEY SMELL LIKE MUSTARD."

"THAT'S ME! I HAD A HOTDOG FOR LUNCH."

Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

A Stitch in Time Saves Nine

South dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.

NORTH
♠ A Q 10 8 3
♥ J 7 2
♦ 9 6 3
♣ 8

EAST
♠ K 6 2
♥ 8 5 3
♦ Q 10 8 7
♣ K 10 4

WEST
♠ 9 7 5
♥ 9 6 4
♦ J 4
♣ A 9 7 5 2

SOUTH
♠ J 4
♥ A K 10
♦ A K 5 2
♣ Q J 6 3

The bidding:
South West North East
1 ♠ Pass 1 ♠ Pass
2 NT Pass 3 ♠ Pass
3 NT

Opening lead — five of clubs.
The first thing a declarer does when dummy comes down is try to size up his chances of making the contract. When you do this, you usually arrive at one of three conclusions: 1. You're sure to make the contract. 2. You're sure to go down. 3. You may or may not make the contract, depending on how the cards are divided, or how well you or your adversaries perform.

© 1980 King Features Syndicate, Inc.

Believe It or Not!



PIERRE ETCHEBASTER, OF ST. CLAUDE-LUZ, FRANCE, HELD THE WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP IN COURT TENNIS FOR 26 YEARS (1913-1939).
Submitted by Tom Higgins, Glenham, N.Y.



AN AIRPLANE BUILT IN ENGLAND IN THE 1920S, WAS ONLY 14 FEET WIDE AND POWERED BY A 20 H.P. MOTOR—YET IT FLEW 140 MILES PER HOUR.

RADIO PAKISTAN

SUNDAY
Morning: 7:45 Religious Program
8:00 News
8:10 Request Music
8:30 Historical Notes
9:00 News
9:20 Listener's Mail
9:25 Request Music
Evening: 7:45, 7:45, 21:00 (K302)
7:45, 16:30, 16:31, 13:32 (meters)
4:30 Religious Program
4:45 News (Arabic)
5:15 Sports Round-up
5:45 One Computer
6:00 News
6:15 Press Review
6:20 On This Day
6:25 Light Music

STAN SMITH'S TENNIS CLASS



Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1980

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES

(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)

Don't let a change of plans throw you. The alternative should prove more than satisfactory. Enjoy creative projects and romance.

TAURUS

(Apr. 20 to May 20)

Before the guests arrive, there could be some nervousness, but the party should go off without a hitch. You attract romance.

GEMINI

(May 21 to June 20)

You're changeable now and could revise your plans. Visits to relatives should be fun. Enjoy short pleasure trips.

CANCER

(June 21 to July 22)

Seek useful items when shopping. Local visits have romantic possibilities. You're charming now and win others' admiration.

LEO

(July 23 to Aug. 22)

Someone could be tense on the homefront. You're shrewd in financial dealings. You'll want to spend time alone later with someone special.

VIRGO

(Aug. 23 to Sept. 22)

Seek peace and quiet to rest

nerves. A time to revitalize energy. With sufficient rest, you'll be in good shape for socializing.

LIBRA

(Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)

If upset by a friend's behavior, a private chat will straighten things out. A fun get-together may lead to romance.

SCORPIO

(Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

Don't act prematurely about a business matter. Get good counsel. A social get-together has both business and romantic possibilities.

SAGITTARIUS

(Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)

If unsure of the merits of a project, seek expert advice. Use care in travel. The second is on sociability in the p.m.

CAPRICORN

(Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)

Friends and money don't mix favorably now. Get accounts in order. Later, relax in the company of loved ones.

AQUARIUS

(Jan. 20 to Feb. 18)

Except for a brief meet, the day favors relationships. A loved one seems especially tentative. Be responsive.

PISCES

(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)

Close allies lend you a loving hand on important tasks. The sense of duty is strong and is your desire for achievement.

Crossword

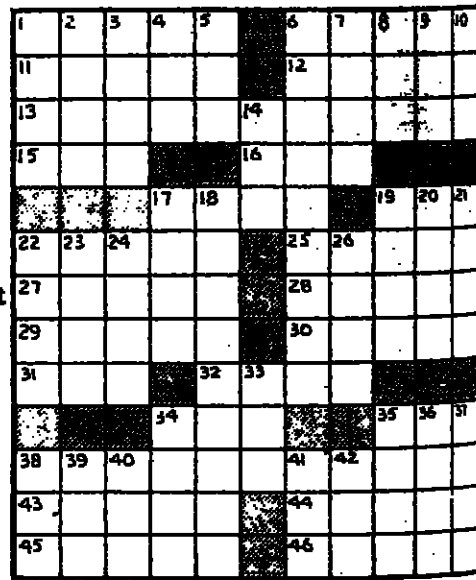
by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

1 Dough
6 Japanese vegetables
11 Parcel out
12 Growing outward
13 Prepare to sail
15 Lacing
16 Minuscule
17 Once — lightly
19 Passing fancy
22 Stage business
25 Make expiation
27 Fray
28 Cake
29 Fresh air
30 Sequence
31 Write
32 Lucius Domitius Ahenobarbus
34 Broke fast
35 Viper
38 Lambasting
43 Moreover
44 Falsify
45 Literary giant
46 One kind of check
DOWN
1 Chess piece
2 Toward
3 Tent opening
4 Don
5 Old English letter

ACROSS

6 Dynamo
7 In the past
8 Exclamation
9 Ear (comb. form)
10 Mount
11 Intimidate
12 Portent
13 Second month's greeting
15 Nixon's successor
16 Pot
17 Cervidae
18 Family member
19 Decivity
23 Level to the ground
24 English river
26 Manolete
28 foe
29 Though, to a poet
34 Discounted
35 Theater group
36 Level to the ground
37 — — —
38 Lambasting
39 Maiden child
40 Author
41 Fleming
42 Talk, talk, talk
43 Body



DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it: AXYDLBAAXE is LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another: In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

CXGIG TN KR VGKTLN TK

OTYG OTUG CXG VGKTLN RY

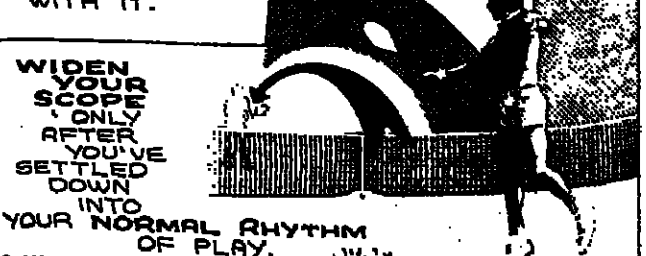
GKGIVA JKQ TKQLNCIA.

QRKJQ VIKC FTCWKG00

Yesterday's Cryptquote: THE MUTUAL DISTRUST AMONG NATIONS IS THE BANE OF MODERN CIVILIZATION—FRANZ BOAS

© 1980 King Features Syndicate, Inc.

PLAY THE BALL BACK DOWN THE MIDDLE — MAKE OTHER PLAYERS SOMETHING WITH IT.



WIDEN YOUR SCOPE AFTER YOU'VE SETTLED DOWN INTO YOUR NORMAL RHYTHM OF PLAY.

© 1980 King Features Syndicate, Inc. World rights reserved

الرياض

Meets Mandlikova in final

Evert ousts Austin in U.S. Open

NEW YORK, Sept. 6 (AP) — Chris Evert Lloyd, playing the match of her dreams, dethroned defending champion Tracy Austin 6-1, 6-1, 6-1, Friday and moved into the final of the \$654,082 U.S. Open tennis championships against 18-year-old Hana Mandlikova of Czechoslovakia.

The hard-hitting Mandlikova, seeded ninth, advanced to Saturday's final with a suspenseful 6-1, 3-6, 7-6 triumph over 15-year-old Andrea Jaeger, the No. 8 seed. Mandlikova captured the third-set tiebreaker 7-4 to eliminate the popular Jaeger, the youngest player ever to reach the Open semifinals.

Also scheduled for Saturday are the men's semifinals, pitting Bjorn Borg of Sweden against Johan Kriek of South Africa and defending champion John McEnroe against three-time open champion Jimmy Connors. But the spotlight Friday belonged to Evert Lloyd, four times the No. 1 player in the

world. She started slowly, committing several unforced errors in losing the first four games. But once she settled down she played some of her best tennis since returning to the pro circuit in March, winning 16 of the final 20 games.

Since coming back, Evert Lloyd has compiled a 41-1 record, losing only to Evonne Goolagong Cawley, the in the Wimbledon final. But none of the wins was as satisfying as Friday's.

"It was a very emotional win for me," said Evert Lloyd, whose string of four Open titles was ended by Austin in the 1979 final.

Evert Lloyd began her comeback in the first set, winning four of five games to close to 5-4. Austin managed to win the 10th game and take the set, but it was about the last thing that went her way.

Evert Lloyd breezed through the last two sets with stunning ease considering she was

facing the top-ranked woman player in the world. Evert Lloyd won the last five games of the third set, closing out the match by holding her serve at love.

The satisfying victory was Evert Lloyd's first over Austin after five straight losses and avenged last year's 6-4, 6-3 triumph by Austin in the Open final. But she's not ready to stop.

"Playing Hana I know I'll have to go for more shots. She likes to attack and she presents much more of a target," she said.

That target proved too quick and powerful for Jaeger to nail with her deadly baseline game. Mandlikova breezed through the first set behind her strong serve-and-volley game, and it wasn't until the fourth game of the second set that Jaeger was able to post her first service break.

It turned to be the last break of the match, as both players held serve until the tiebreaker. Jaeger won the first point, including a drop shot that landed tantalizingly on the net cord before toppling over into Jaeger's court.

Jaeger came back to 4-3, but Mandlikova won the next two with a sharply angled volley and a sloppy return by Jaeger. The 15-year-old favorite of the capacity crowd of 18,264 at the National Tennis Center won the next point when Mandlikova hit a sloppy approach shot, but Mandlikova wrapped up the match with another sharply angled forehand volley.

"I'm very, very happy, because this is the second biggest tournament in the world," said Mandlikova, whose attacking game is a sharp contrast to the baseline tactics preferred by so many of the young American players, including Jaeger and Austin.

Asked if Mandlikova could beat Evert Lloyd in the final, Jaeger said, "No, I don't think so. Chris can overpower her down from the baseline and hit lower returns that I did."



(AP photo)

SANS SKATES: Golden Boy Eric Heiden, who took home five gold medals from the Moscow Olympics for speed skating, helps an American cyclist get ready for competition in the world championships at Besancon, France. Heiden is a cycling fan.

Cyclist Doyle races to gold in world meet

BESANCON, France, Sept. 6 (R) — Britain's Tony Doyle completed a brilliant gold medal triumph at his first attempt in the professional pursuit final at the world cycling championships here Saturday.

The 21-year-old rider who gave up his amateur status after the Moscow Olympics just over a month ago, thrashed race-hardened Dutch professional Jermen Pons-teen in a one-sided final held in the early hours of the morning.

Doyle edged ahead at the start of the 5000 meters test but then fell fractionally behind momentarily as the race warmed up. The British rider recovered almost immediately and began to carve out a convincing gap over his rival, a bronze medalist last year.

Doyle maintained his tremendous pressure and finished almost 10 seconds before Pons-teen who visibly over the last two laps.

A delighted Doyle said "I think I have surprised all the professionals with this victory. I now hope to make a name for myself on the six-day racing circuit during the winter."

Doyle was the first British rider to win the world pursuit crown since Hugh Porter captured the last of his four titles in 1973. Dane Hans Heinrich Oerstedt, the individual pursuit bronze medalist in Moscow — an event in which Doyle did not compete — easily beat Italian Luciano Borgognoni in the third place final.

The amateur points race ended in drama when Australian Garry Sutton, the overall leader, fell off his bike on the last lap in the scramble for the line. Sutton, shaken but otherwise unhurt, had fortunately scored enough points earlier in the exciting 108-lap battle to have made certain of the world title.

On Burroughs' blast

Atlanta tops Pittsburgh

NEW YORK, Sept. 6 (AP) — Jeff Burroughs' three-run homer in the eighth inning broke a 4-4 tie and boosted the Atlanta Braves to a 7-4 victory over the Pittsburgh Pirates and a fifth straight victory Friday night.

Atlanta's Dale Murphy had broken an earlier 2-2 tie with a two-run homer, his 27th, in the sixth inning. Burroughs' 13th home run of the season came off reliever Grant Jackson.

Pittsburgh tied the game in the eighth against reliever Rick Camp on a leadoff single by Ed Ott, a sacrifice by Omar Moreno, Tim Lincecum's groundout and a hunt single by Bill Madlock.



Ken Singleton

In an afternoon game in the National League, Johnny Bench batted in a pair of runs with a sacrifice fly and his 22nd home run of the season to lead Cincinnati to a 5-3 victory over the Chicago Cubs. Cincinnati pitcher Tom Seaver, 7-7, struck out 10 batters.

Willie Randolph's infield single with the bases loaded and two out in the 10th inning gave the New York Yankees a 6-5 victory over the California Angels. The hit scored Rick Cerone, who was credited with a triple with one out earlier in the inning when right

fielder Gil Kufski and center fielder Rick Miller ran together in right center and the ball fell between them.

Ken Singleton's two-out double in the ninth inning capped a three-run Baltimore rally and gave the Orioles an 8-7 victory over Oakland. A throwing error by second baseman Mike Edwards on a grounder by Al Bumbry allowed the first run to score.

Leon Roberts run-scoring triple keyed a four-run second inning that carried the Seattle Mariners and Floyd Bannister to a 4-2 victory over the Boston Red Sox.

Frank White tripled home the tying run and then scored the winning run on single by Willie Wilson and Paul Splittorf pitched a four-hitter as Kansas City edged the Cleveland Indians 2-1.

White's triple scored Jose Cardenal, who had singled with one out in the fifth off Rick Wams, 10-13. Royals' third baseman George Brett had one hit, a double, in four at-bats as his average dipped below the .400 mark to .394.

Right-hander Lamarr Hoyt tossed a two-hitter and the Chicago White Sox took advantage of Toronto errors for a 4-1 victory over the Blue Jays.

Champ Summers' grounder in the fifth inning drove in the only run of the game as back the live hit pitching of Dr. Schatzeder as the Detroit Tigers nipped the Minnesota Twins 1-0. Schatzeder, 9-10, pitched his sixth complete game of the season.

Jim Sundberg knocked in three runs with a homer and a two-run single, leading the Texas Rangers to a 6-5 victory over Milwaukee and snapping the Brewers' five-game winning streak. Cecil Cooper and Ben Oglive homered for the Brewers.

Steve Rogers pitched a two-hitter and faced only 28 batters as the Montreal Expos beat the San Francisco Giants 8-0. The Giants got two singles off Rogers, 13-10, struck out five and walked none in his third shutout of the season.

Baseball Standings

National League					American League				
Team	W	L	PCT	GB	Team	W	L	PCT	GB
Philadelphia	72	61	.541	—	New York	83	51	.619	—
Montreal	72	62	.531	—	Baltimore	80	53	.602	2 1/2
Pittsburgh	72	63	.531	1	Boston	72	59	.550	9 1/2
St. Louis	60	75	.444	11 1/2	Detroit	71	62	.534	11 1/2
New York	54	76	.415	14	Milwaukee	72	65	.526	12 1/2
Chicago	51	81	.386	19 1/2	Cleveland	69	64	.519	13 1/2
					Toronto	56	78	.418	27
West					West				
Los Angeles	77	56	.579	—	Kansas City	58	49	.537	—
Houston	76	60	.560	1 1/2	Texas	67	67	.500	18 1/2
Cincinnati	73	61	.545	3 1/2	Oakland	69	70	.495	20 1/2
Atlanta	64	65	.492	7 1/2	Chicago	57	76	.429	28
San Francisco	66	69	.489	11	Minnesota	58	76	.426	29 1/2
San Diego	58	78	.426	19 1/2	California	52	81	.391	33
					Seattle	49	85	.366	36 1/2
Friday's Games					Friday's Games				
Cincinnati 5, Chicago 2					Baltimore 8, Oakland 7				
Atlanta 7, Pittsburgh 1					Seattle 4, Boston 2				
St. Louis 7, Houston 5					Chicago 3, Toronto 0				
San Diego 4, New York 2					Chicago 1, Cleveland 1				
Los Angeles 1, Philadelphia 1					Detroit 1, Minnesota 0				
Montreal 8, San Francisco 0					New York 8, California 5, 10 innings				
					Texas 6, Milwaukee 5				

Wells wins 100, Quarrie second

LONDON, Sept. 6 (R) — Britain's 100 meters Olympic champion, Allan Wells, won the British Amateur Athletics Association (AAA) title Friday night by beating Don Quarrie of Jamaica.

Wells, in what he says is his last race of the season, breezed through after an indifferent start to win in 10.36 seconds. Quarrie clocked 10.57.

It was the main final on a night occupied mainly with heats for Sunday's events, in which the most anticipated contest will be the mile, where Britain's world record holder Steve Ovett will face former world record holder John Walker of New Zealand.

In Newport, R.I.

Yachtsmen and groupies — another Cup season

By Angus Phillips
NEWPORT, R.I., Sept. 6 (WP) — There is, said a big wig of an American 12-meter syndicate doing battle in Newport, one bauble prized about all others among America's Cup groupies.

It's a T-shirt, an official one with the name and number of a Cup challenger emblazoned over the heart. It is only available to 12-meter

crew members, who may dispose of such shirts at their own diabolical whim.

"There is no doubt that some young ladies have paid a terrible price for one of these shirts," said the source, who contended he is too old to be involved.

"Phooey," said a long-legged dandy who done duty in these wars. "They only give them away after the armis are rotted out."



(AP photo)

ALL ABOARD: A wet Baron Marcel Bich is helped up onto the France 3 after a victory swim in Newport harbor to celebrate a win over the yacht Australia.

NOW... N.C.C.
That we have got the great Concrete pumps, We can solve the problems of tomorrow today

National Concrete Co.
Behind the airport P.O. Box: 6548
Tel: 6850491, Jeddah

NOTICE

Al-Bayda Trading & Contracting Est. announces the completion of contract of its employee Mr. Ralph M. O'Dell. He is leaving the Kingdom within a week period from now on exit visa only. Whoever has any claims against him or against the establishment due to his commitments please contact the Establishment within a week period from now. Al-Bayda will not be responsible for any claims after this period.

AL BAYDA EST.

P.O. BOX 7356 JEDDAH

PHONE 6601683/6693249



"The beauties always find the rich ones," grumps an unimpressed observer. "It's uncanny."

Long is the father of this year's America's Cup optimist, 24-year-old Russell Long, skipper of the 12-meter clipper. He is freshly graduated Harvard, captain positive.

When Long would come back from unceasing defeats at sea at the hands of Dennis Conner, who runs the almost unbeatable yacht Freedom, he would wear his daily smile and emit sunny forecasts. He and his crew lately have come under the protective guidance of Werner Erhard, the est man. It didn't work.

No one really expected est or anything else to save Clipper from the onslaught of Conner, whose boat and crew have earned the nickname "The Machine." Conner and Freedom are bringing a harsh new professionalism to the America's Cup defense.

There is a presumption among those who have never seen a Cup campaign that the days in Newport are long, rosy adventures for the yacht crews and that the nights are longer and ever more adventuresome. This is no longer true.

The Freedom machine is a perfect example. The 25 or so handsome young men that work for the Freedom-Enterprise syndicate would love to carouse, but they rarely have time.

"You don't really see too many of the 12-meter guys anymore," said one young woman. "They might have a drink at the Black Pearl or the Candy Store, but they're mostly home in bed by 10."

The Freedom people have a task-master who keeps them stropped to the razor's edge. Arnie Schmeling grinds a winch on Enterprise, Freedom's trailhorse boat. He is 50 years old, which makes him the oldest grinder on a 12-meter by about 20 years.

He is a Long Beach, Calif., patrolman with 24 years on the force, he played semi-pro football for 20 years despite seven knee operations, his grandfather's brother was world heavyweight boxing champion Max Schmeling.

Arnie Schmeling is one hard dude, and his job when he isn't grinding winches is physical training chief for Freedom-Enterprise.

saudi business

A Local Magazine of International Standard

THIS WEEK

- World Bank report : Energy cost & development
- Book review : OAPC examines downstream industry
- Petromin : The eight oil major ?
- "Behemoths" soon welcome at offshore port
- Tax cuts central to Carter economic plan
- Saudi Arabian government tenders

Read Saudi Business in its new format and cover and you'll feel that you are reading a prestigious magazine published in London, Paris or New York.

Don't forget you have an appointment with Saudi Business every Saturday.

AVAILABLE IN ALL BOOKSTORES, KIOSKS AND NEWSPAPER STANDS.

Suffers heart attack

Strike-weary Giersek axed

WARSAW, Sept. 6 (AP) — Poland's Communist regime, smarting in the wake of the nation's worst labor crisis in 10 years, Saturday dismissed Communist Party chief Edward Giersek hours after he was officially reported to have suffered a heart attack.

Giersek, 67, the coal miner's son who became the party first secretary following violent labor strikes and the ouster of Wladyslaw Gomulka in 1970, was replaced by Stanislaw Kania, the Communist Party central committee secretary said to be responsible for state security.

The official Yugoslav news agency Tanjug suggested it was Poland's labor crisis rather than heart trouble that caused Giersek's downfall. "The crisis in Poland, which began with worker strikes two months ago, has now received its resolution with changes in the party leadership... when demands of workers were accepted and the strikes did not cease, even though it was evident that the workers had won, Edward Giersek could not remain at the party top any longer," Tanjug said.

In Moscow, the official Soviet news agency Tass noted Giersek's dismissal without comment, saying only that he had been relieved of office because of "serious illness."

Because of his reported security responsibilities, observers said the Soviet Union was expected to support the appointment of Kania, the 53-year-old son of a peasant farmer. A career party official, Kania is a full member of the politburo, the policy-making arm of the ruling central committee.

It was the central committee that dismissed Giersek and dropped him from his politburo post as well. The official Polish news agency PAP said the government shuffle was carried out "in connection with the serious illness of Edward Giersek."

The announcement, which made no mention of Poland's recent labor unrest, was broadcast by the state radio at 1:30 a.m., local time, following an emergency meeting of the central committee at party headquarters in central Warsaw.

Most Poles learned of Giersek's removal in morning news bulletins.



Edward Giersek

In Warsaw, Poles lined up in front of newspaper kiosks and at the offices of the city's two main dailies to buy up copies of the papers with news of the party change.

Giersek had been indirectly criticized by the Soviet Union and other Warsaw Pact nations for his handling of the 18-day labor rebellion that subsided earlier this week after government negotiators agreed to let workers set up independent trade unions free of Communist Party control.

The criticism fueled widespread speculation that Giersek's removal was imminent, although it was widely believed his possible successor would be 49-year-old former Foreign Minister Stefan Olszowski. Olszowski, dropped from the politburo in February, was returned to it in a government shakeup at the height of the crisis last month.

Some Western diplomats here said they expected no big changes under Kania, who until a few weeks ago had been considered

one of Giersek's allies on the politburo. At 53, Kania becomes the youngest national leader within the Soviet bloc.

Late Friday, state radio and television announced that Giersek, who has not been seen publicly since Aug. 24, had been hospitalized with "a serious disturbance" of the heart which it said he suffered earlier in the day.

The official reports said Giersek was under the care of five doctors but gave no other details. There was no independent confirmation and Giersek's whereabouts were not known.

The announcement that Giersek was hospitalized was the first official explanation for his absence from a meeting Friday of the Sejm, the Polish parliament, which Giersek had been expected to attend to show he had weathered the crisis. It was the legislature's first meeting since the settlement of strikes in Gdansk and Szczecin last weekend and in the Silesian coalfields, where most miners had returned to work by Friday.

The Soviet Communist Party daily *Pravda* meanwhile, printed a high-level attack on plans by America's huge labor union, the AFL-CIO, and the U.S. autoworkers union to set up an aid fund for Poland's fledgling independent unions.

The *Pravda* commentary was headlined, "If this is not interference, then what is it?" It was signed by A. Petrov, a by-line that usually denotes Kremlin thinking. *Pravda* alleged that the aid proposal for the unions had the approval of U.S. President Jimmy Carter and that the money was being earmarked for "those anti-socialist groups in Poland that have joined, with their own 'program' of a political nature, the Polish workers demanding to resolve the socio-economic difficulties that have arisen in Poland."

The paper accused the "American reactionary trade union leaders" of seeking to "make difficult any steps by the Polish government to preserve the unity of the (Polish) trade unions."

Neither *Pravda* nor the official news agency Tass have reported the Polish government's agreement to allow Polish workers to set up independent trade unions.

As the first strikes broke out in Poland at the beginning of July, Giersek went to the Soviet Union "to rest a few days." On July 31 he met Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev on the Black Sea and Tass indicated at the time that the difficulties in Poland were discussed. After the meeting, Tass said the talks were held in an "atmosphere of complete mutual understanding."

The prudent attitude of Soviet leaders during the Polish crisis was seen by observers here as indicating they believed Giersek was the man to master the situation. The leadership here apparently hoped than by granting a few concessions he would be able to reestablish order in Warsaw.



ON THE BALL: Zimbabwe Home Affairs Minister Joshua Nkomo shows his soccer form in a benefit game against the African Chamber of Commerce at Bula wayo.

E. German air chief held as spy

PARIS, Sept. 6 (AP) — The former chief of staff of the East German Air Force was arrested last month in northern France and has been charged with espionage. French officials said Saturday.

Counter-espionage agents arrested Gen. Heinz Bernhart Zorn, 68, Aug. 19 in Lille. He was found carrying French military information, particularly pertaining to tanks and anti-tank weapons, an interior ministry spokesman said.

Officials said Zorn arrived in France alone on a tourist visa at the beginning of August and immediately was put under surveillance.

He was arrested on a Lille street and found to be in possession of military documents. Officials did not reveal where Zorn obtained the documents or if any other foreigners or Frenchmen were involved.

The East German was transferred immediately to Paris under the custody of the Direction de la Surveillance du Territoire, the French counter-espionage agency. Six days later, he was brought before the state security court and charged with espionage, officials said. He presently is being held in Fleury Merogis Prison in the Paris suburbs.

Can't lose, can't win

Soviets face Afghan standoff

LONDON, Sept. 6 (AP) — More than eight months after the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan, the Russians appear to be in no danger of losing, nor of winning, according to European diplomatic and military analysts. No early end to the apparent standoff is foreseen.

Fearing that the Moscow-supported regime in Afghanistan was in danger, the Soviets moved heavy tank, artillery and ground forces into the country in late December last year. Moscow apparently counted on a quick success.

Western authorities estimated at the time that the Soviets had put about 100,000 men into Afghanistan. Last month the Soviets announced a limited withdrawal of forces, with estimates running from about 6,000 to 10,000.

Western intelligence sources in Europe believe that now there are approximately 80,000 Soviet military in Afghanistan and perhaps 30,000 poised on the Soviet-Afghan border. The U.S. State Department puts the Soviet force in and around Afghanistan at about 115,000 to 120,000.

The withdrawal in June is pictured by Western military analysts as a simple restructuring of Soviet forces to make them more efficient and adaptable to counterinsurgency. Heavy artillery and air defense were considered "overkill" against lightly armed, elusive insurgents.

Western military specialists feel that this Russian redeployment still has not done the trick. One official in Brussels said: "The Soviet Union would have to pump at least 400,000 troops into Afghanistan if it wanted to quell armed opposition completely. It's an enormous country and the Soviets have gotten themselves into mess."

Analysts at the International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS), an independent, London-based research organization, agree that the Russians are in trouble, but in no danger of defeat.

Because of tight restrictions on Western diplomats and journalists, an overall view is difficult to obtain. IISS specialists feel that the Soviet strategy is to hold the main cities and towns and one or two vital logistical bases, and to keep roads and communications open among them a relatively easy task. With

re-structuring and retraining of their forces, which may be reaching completion about now, highly mobile "search and destroy" missions may be increased.

Overall control of the country, if the Soviets ever believed they could do it, is seen as a "mirage."

Although Soviet casualty figures are impossible to establish, Western estimates run at between 3,000 and 4,000 with perhaps 25 per cent dead and the remainder wounded or missing. Afghan insurgent and civilian casualties are believed to be considerable.

Resistance is splintered and ill-equipped, but the ability of the insurgents to keep the Russians off balance is evident in travelers' reports of ruined military equipment on outlying roads and accounts of anti-Russian feeling among Afghans.

A French ethnologist, Bernard Dupaine, recently spent two weeks criss-crossing Afghanistan, told a reporter from the Paris newspaper *Le Monde* that the Russians have been unable to secure the roads. "This is proved by the number of destroyed military vehicles at the roadside and the number of checkpoints meant to halt the movement of insurgents," he said.

Mandel parole denied

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 (APF) — A request for parole by former Maryland Governor Marvin Mandel has been denied, the *Washington Post* reported Saturday. He started a three-year prison sentence for political corruption in May.

The parole board, in an unusually severe move, recommended this week that Mandel serve his entire sentence, the newspaper said. His 1977 trial made him the first governor in office to be jailed in 43 years.



OLDEST MAN? Wu Yunging, said by Peking sources to be 142 years old, rides a bicycle at his village in northwest China. Wu says the secret of longevity lies in optimism, exercise and moderation.

Kania a dogged party man

WARSAW, Sept. 6 (AP) — Stanislaw Kania, who became Poland's new Communist Party leader early Saturday, is a son of peasant farmers who has been active in party affairs since the end of World War II.

Kania was born in Wroclanka in the southeastern region of Rzeszow. A graduate of the Central Committee University, he worked as a blacksmith's apprentice during World War II and joined the Communist Party in 1945. He rose slowly through local party ranks in Rzeszow and Jaslo. He took an active interest in party youth activities in his native region, and became director of the youth movement in 1952.

After a long membership in the regional

party committee of Warsaw, he was promoted to the central committee as a substitute member in 1964. He was made a full member at the fifth party congress in 1968.

Kania headed the powerful administrative department of the party headquarters from 1968 until 1971, when he became a secretary of the central committee. As secretary he was believed responsible for overseeing the activities of the police, army and security.

That same year, Giersek named Kania a substitute member of the politburo, the all-powerful policy-making body of the central committee. Kania became a full member of the politburo in 1975.

Congressional gust worth \$11m

Windmills set spinning in halls of hot air

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 (WP) — In the land of filibusters, extended debate and stonewalling oratory, all known sometimes as hot air, they have voted to harness the wind and put it to work for a brighter America.

By voice vote — a breeze, actually — the U.S. House gave final approval recently to the Wind Energy Systems Act of 1980 and waived it toward the White House for signing.

If congressional estimates are anywhere near accurate, 800 megawatts of wind-generated electricity can be available through the program by 1988. That is the equivalent of about 6 million barrels of oil per year.

And this one, incidentally, is a national energy debate in which Congress has invested a minimum of its own wind. The

Senate earlier this month passed it by voice vote.

Energy companies like it, wind-machine companies like it, environmentalists like it, utilities see promise in it, the Carter administration supports it.

Of course the great Portuguese explorers and the Dutch canal dwellers knew about the glories of wind power long before there was a U.S. Congress and they didn't need a \$100 million first-year authorization to make dreams blow true.

Times and needs change and Congress, in its push to wean the nation from oil, is playing all the angles. Wind, it turns out, is nearer to being cost-effective than some of the glamour technology of solar and photovoltaic power.

With no apologies to pop singer Bob Dylan, Representative Norman Mineta, a California Democrat agreed the answer to problems of energy-supply really were blowing in the wind. Mineta, main architect of the bill, said it will become a "cornerstone" of alternative energy supply with an approach geared toward commercialization.

"I'm really elated," he said. "We didn't realize how cost-effective wind could be when we got into this...the bill will give a good assessment of where wind can best be used around the country and it sets goals that are not too high."

The legislation is designed to stimulate the use of wind energy to generate electricity and mechanical power, through large and small turbine devices, and reduce dependence on petroleum and other fossil fuels.

Grants and loans for researchers and manufacturers of wind energy machines are the guts of the program, which will be administered chiefly by the Department of Energy.

The legislation calls for study and monitoring of wind system prototypes, with the aim of developing a program of such sophistication that the federal government could turn it all over to private



A British windmill

industry after eight years.

Although some of the country's largest companies — Boeing, General Electric and Hamilton Standard, for example — are moving quickly to perfect large wind energy systems, Congress thinks the future of wind lies on the side of smallness.

House-Senate conferees who worked out the final legislation anticipated that most of the 800 megawatts of electricity foreseen for 1988 would come from small producers harnessing the wind for local specialized tasks.

The bill also emphasizes that small businesses and manufacturers must be given special consideration and protection in participating in the development program, to avoid creation of a wind cartel.

Americans probably thought it already existed, spelled CONGRESS.



An American windmill